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Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 150 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1942 PRICE: 1½ ANNAS

New Hope For Your Skin

Battle For Egypt Has Begun!

ALL-DAY FIGHTING NORTH OF SOLLUM

Rommel Plans Wide Sweep To Bypass Halfaya

CAIRO, June 24.

Much enemy activity was to-day observed southward from Gambut. Small parties of the enemy were engaged by our forces on the northern section of the front west of Sollum all day.

Indications are that the Axis is planning an assault by means of a wide sweep southwards bypassing Capuzzo and Halfaya. Such an operation would present difficulties owing to the nature of the terrain, but it is not impossible.

BATTLE FOR EGYPT BEGINS

LONDON: The battle for Egypt is probably on. That is the opinion expressed in authoritative circles in London to-day. How serious are the opening moves, there is no information to show at the moment. The Germans will probably not waste much time and they may be expected to launch an attack upon British forces at any moment. There has probably been a good deal of regrouping of the British armoured forces since they got back to the frontier.

Last Of Tobruk

It is learned in Cairo that last Saturday night the Commander of the Tobruk garrison asked for and was granted permission to fight his way out. He later found this impossible, owing to severe losses in motor transport which the enemy either captured or destroyed. That is why there was no sign of the garrison as a whole fighting its way out. The Commander further decided to fight on, until demolitions were completed. It is believed that the demolitions were successful, judging by the large amounts of black smoke seen.

Mediterranean Handicaps

LONDON: The loss of Tobruk has had a dual effect on the tasks of the Royal Navy in the Mediterranean. It was stated in authoritative circles in London to-day that both the routes to Cyprus and Haifa have been affected.

So far as the Fortress Island is concerned, the loss of Tobruk means an advance of enemy aerodromes, limiting once more shorebased fighter protection, which can be given to Allied convoys, at a point on a route where the scale of attack is the heaviest. Convoys from Alexandria to Malta have to pass the North African coast and Crete and apart from forces in North Africa there is a very large number of enemy aircraft in Crete. Attack, therefore, is concentrated from both sides. The fall of Tobruk also brings the naval base at Alexandria nearer to bomber attack from enemy air fields in Northern Africa by about a hundred miles. The distance is now about 300 miles.

Earlier in the war, British forces were even further back at Sidi Barrani and no grievous harm was suffered, but it has to be remembered that that time only Italians had to be contended with and the scale of attack was much less heavy. The routes to Cyprus and Haifa are not very seriously affected by the changed conditions. The Navy will now be relieved from the task of delivering supplies to Tobruk along the "bomb alley", but the loss of the harbour has opened up another sea supply line to the enemy which, if developed, will be of great importance to him. This sea supply route to Tobruk will be very difficult to close by surface action and in fact it is only by submarines—and by large numbers—that any effective attack can be delivered. The loss of Tobruk, by making the supply line to Malta more difficult, will indirectly reduce the offensive efficiency of Malta.

Thrilling Story Of Escape

British warships escaped at the last minute from Tobruk harbour under the guns of German batteries set up with lightning speed on the docks. Naval officers who have reached Alexandria told a thrilling story to-day.

The ships managed to take off 100 naval ratings including the personnel of the naval shore establishment. The naval men in Tobruk harbour were unaware that the fortress had fallen until they saw German tanks rumbling down the main street.

The tanks immediately swung guns round to cover the harbour bombarding the ships as they hastily made for the open sea.

Practically all the vessels which included a number of tank carrying landing craft got away safely. A young naval officer who was among the last to leave said: "Though there was no organised evacuation, the defenders were determined to reorganise and fight their way out.

Tobruk had been shelled fairly heavily for some days but not till Saturday did the bombardment become really vicious.

In the evening we learned that there had been a break through and had orders to move. My ship was hit by a shell but we hopped ashore and got aboard another ship.

As we moved out the enemy put down a curtain of shells over the boom entrance, but we went through at full speed and were not hit.

Naval demolition squad blew up everything essential before we left. They worked until the last moment. Practically everyone in town or on the shore got away but the bulk of the army was left behind."

AMERICAN TROOPS IN AFRICA

LONDON, June 24.

American troops are now on the extreme west coast of Africa as well as in the former Italian Colony of Eritrea, declared the Inapendent Labourite, Mr. Maxton, speaking in the Commons debate on Colonial Affairs to-day. He added he would like to see a United States of Africa controlled by Africans.

The Labourite, Mr. Creech Jones, urged the need for a Colonial Charter.

The Conservative, Mr. Peter MacDonald, complained that not so long ago rubber estates in Ceylon were compulsorily destroyed to grow inferior tea. A Colonial Development Board was needed to plan and coordinate new development schemes.—Reuter.

MASS ARRESTS IN VIENNA

Nazi Purge Of Persons Classed As "Anti-Social And Subversive"

MOSCOW, June 24.

A huge number of arrests has already been made in Vienna and other towns under the Nazi purge of people classed as "anti-social and subversive," says the Moscow radio.—Reuter.

SEVERE 'QUAKE ROCKS NEW ZEALAND

WELLINGTON, (New Zealand) June 24.

A severe earthquake rocked North Island at 23-18 on Wednesday. It was Wellington's worst for many years. Much minor damage was caused, windows were smashed and chimneys came down. The main shock was preceded by a sharp brief shake at 20-15. No casualties have been reported.—Reuter.

SHIPPING POSITION

Production Minister Unable To Say Ships Produced Will Meet All Needs

LONDON, June 24

The Minister for Production Mr. Lyttelton, at a press conference to-day said he could not prophesy that the shipping produced would be adequate for all our needs, but he was convinced they were going to catch up very rapidly on our shipping losses.

He believed that America would attain the aims set out for 1942 and would complete the programme for shipping next year which was enormous.—Reuter.

ANGLO-SOVIET PACT FOR KING'S SIGNATURE

LONDON, June 24.

The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, announced in Parliament to-day that since his statement of June 11th regarding the Anglo-Soviet treaty had commanded general assent he proposed now to submit an instrument of ratification to the King for signature without waiting for the expiry of the usual interval in which such treaties lie before Parliament.

Mr. Eden said such treaties normally lay before Parliament for 21 Parliamentary days prior to ratification but in the present circumstances that involved over seven weeks. The Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R. had already ratified the treaty and he thought that immediate ratification here would commend itself to the Commons.

Mr. Eden's announcement was cheered by all parties.—Reuter.

MILITARY CALLED OUT

Dacca Riot Situation

DACCA, June 24.

Four of the injured persons expired in hospital last night and another this morning.

One person was stabbed to death this morning and one body with marks of injury was recovered.

A police constable is reported to have showed considerable pluck and courage in arresting a notorious Goonda this morning. The man attempted to stab the constable who, however, managed to ward off the blow, receiving slight injuries, and succeeded in arresting him. The military have been called out in aid of the civil police in certain areas of the city. This morning the military operating in Ekrampur area arrested several persons armed with daggers, while civil guards arrested a man with dagger in another locality.

Barbed wire barricades have been placed across a number of thoroughfares in different areas. —A.P.

Body Of Boy Found In Ditch:

DACCA, June 23.

Three more persons were stabbed last evening two of whom expired in hospital this morning.

The body of a boy was recovered from a ditch this afternoon.

Sixteen persons have become victims of stabbing or assaults upto 5 p.m. to-day. Of these three were discharged after first aid.

The number of killed has now increased to eight and that of the injured to 44.

To-day's incidents included a stabbing attack on two occupants of a hackney carriage. Another hackney carriage was also attacked, some of its occupants receiving injuries.—A.P.

Another Case Of Stabbing

DACCA, June 24.

Another case of stabbing was reported this afternoon. Armed police have been requisitioned from outside Dacca.—A.P.

Five Killed In Train-Trolly Smash

ASANSOL, June 24.

Four trollymen and a mistry were killed as the result of a collision between Four Down Bombay Mail and a trolly near Kalipahari station (Burdwan) yesterday.

It is stated that after passing Kalipahari station the mail train crashed into the trolly, which was also proceeding towards the same direction on the same line. All the five occupants of the trolly were killed instantaneously.

A departmental inquiry is being held into the causes of the accident.—A. P.

R. A. F. Bomb Occupied Territory

Enemy Planes Drop Few Bombs On East Anglia

LONDON, June 24.

The Air Ministry states: "Yesterday afternoon and evening fighters of the Fighter Command escorted Boston bombs to attack objectives in enemy-occupied territory. In the afternoon our aircraft went to Dunkirk.

Bombs were seen to burst on quays and dock buildings and hits were also observed on railway lines and the large enemy-supply ship in one of the docks.

Bostons which went out in the evening attacked an enemy aerodrome in Brittany.

No enemy aircraft was encountered in the afternoon but in the evening several combats took place when our aircraft were attacked by fighters on their way home and spitfires shot down two enemy fighters into the sea. All the bombers returned from both the operations but from the evening operation one of our fighters is missing."

ENEMY RAID

The Air Ministry states. "Last night a few enemy aircraft were over the coastal district of east Anglia. Bombs dropped caused neither damage nor casualties. One enemy bomber was destroyed".

An Air Ministry Communique states: "Last night aircraft of the Bomber Command laid mines in enemy waters. Aircraft of the Fighter Command attacked enemy air fields and railway targets in Holland and Northern France. In these attacks two enemy aircraft were destroyed. Two aircraft of the Bomber Command are missing."—Reuter.

HAIL, COUSIN WELL MET!

NEW YORK, June 24.

President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill are eighth cousins once removed. This was discovered accidentally by the editor of a new York biographical record who says Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt had three common ancestors aboard the 'Mayflower.'—Reuter.

PACIFIC COUNCIL SUMMONED

WASHINGTON, June 24.

The White House Secretary, Mr. Early, announced that the President has summoned a special meeting of the Pacific War Council for to-morrow. He said that Mr. Churchill will attend and the Canadian Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King, is 'en route' to attend.—Reuter.

CHINA FIGURES IN WASHINGTON TALKS

WASHINGTON, June 24.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, said, full consideration is being given to the military problems of China in the Roosevelt-Churchill talks.—Reuter.

BR. ADMIRALTY DELEGATION FOR WASHINGTON

NEW YORK, June 24.

Admiral Cunningham who is leading the British Admiralty delegation to the United States arrived in New York to-night and left for Washington.

Admiral Cunningham declined to comment regarding Tobruk.—Reuter.

PRISONERS OF WAR

Comparative Figures

LONDON, June 24.

The 38,000 prisoners which the Axis claims in the latest Libya campaign brings the total of British prisoners in three years of war to about 1,75,000 men, writes Reuter's military correspondent. Upto March 1942 we have taken over 5,20,000 Axis prisoners, mostly Italians and Colonial troops with some Germans.

British losses were made up as follows:—

DUNKIRK: 40,000; NORWAY: 950; GREECE AND CRETE. 15,000 LIBYA (Previous Campaigns) 4,000; HONG KONG: 10,000; SINGAPORE: 70,000; LIBYA (Present Campaign except Tobruk): 9.80); TOBRUK: 25,000.

Axis prisoners' figure are:

EUROPEAN: LIBYA: 1,62,000. EAST AFRICA: 1,13,000; Colonial troops: LIBYA: 15,000; EAST AFRICA: 2,30,000.

TARA SINGH EXPLAINS

Sikandar-Baldev Pact Does Not Affect Political Issues

AMRITSAR, June 24.

The position of the Akali Party 'vis a vis' the Sikandar-Baldev Singh Pact is explained by Master Tara Singh, President of the S.G. P.C., in a statement to the press. He says certain gentleman who have been fighting against the Akali Party on elections with the support of the Unionists are now out to condemn the Akali Party, for I supported Sardar Baldevsingh-Sikandar Pact so I wish to say:—

1. The Pact is between Sir Sikandar and Sardar Baldev Singh and Akali Party is no party to the pact.
2. The Pact is purely a communal one. It settles purely communal points only. We shall continue to fight against the Unionists or any other party on political issues for example, we shall fight for complete independence of India and against Pakistan as before.
3. It is wrong to say that the Akali Party always wanted ministership. I can say that Ministership was several times before offered to the Akali Party and was refused, because the Jhatka question was not solved, which meant that the communal mentality of the Government was not changed.

CONDITIONAL SUPPORT

About three years ago the Maharaja of Patiala was approached by some Unionists, and the Maharaja suggested to me personally, if it was not desirable to come to terms with the Unionist party and get some one of my choice appointed Minister. I refused on the ground that it could not be done, unless the Punjab Government changed its discriminatory communal policy. As an earnest of the change, I wanted freedom of Jhatka meat in the Government institutions. There have been efforts for communal settlement several times, and they always foundered on this Jhatka question. The freedom of Jhatka meat means change in the communal mentality of the Government, but there are people who do not trust the Unionist leaders and think that notwithstanding the present setlement, the Government will continue its past discrimination against the Sikh and the Hindu employees. My reply to that is if the Government continues this, there is no moral binding for me to continue my support of the said Pact.

SEATS FOR HINDUS

Master Tarasingh points out that Baldev Singh kept him fully informed during the negotiations, and he in his turn, remained in touch with some of the Hindu leaders. Some of them were enthusiastic over the settlement, and there was none who told me to stop these negotiations. Of course, the suggestion was made to me, says Master Tarasingh, that there should be better representation of the Hindus. It could have been solved, if opposition had not been started for a few days by those very persons who knew that efforts were being made to this end. This can be done even now, for Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan has publicly declared that he is desiring the co-operation of those groups also who are not in his Ministry so far. It is for the Hindus now to form a group and press for their demand.

Concluding, Master Tarasingh says, I look upon the Pact purely from a communal point of view, and this can have no effect upon my political programme or policy. I supported it as a communal settlement, and if it is not carried out in the right spirit, and consequently I am forced to withdraw my support, I lose nothing, for I have paid nothing.

In the end, I again appeal to my Hindu brethren to be very cautious. Nothing should create bad blood between different communities, and especially between the Sikhs and the Hindus."—A.P.

DESPERATE NAZI ASSAULTS ON SEBASTOPOL

Soviet Defences Pierced: Gap In Red Army Line In Kharkov Sector: Surprise Russian Attack In North

BERLIN, June 24.

Advancing in complete darkness and breast-deep in mud Soviet forces succeeded in making a gap in the German lines south-east of Lake Ilmen, the German radio said today. The attack was the outcome of weeks of fighting for a strategic height.

Height Recaptured

LONDON:—The Moscow radio stated today that Soviet troops by strong counter-attacks had recaptured a height on the northern front of Sebastopol which the Germans had occupied early yesterday.

Desperate Nazi Assaults

MOSCOW: Renewed attacks by General von Mannstein's forces on an intensified scale against the defence of Sebastopol were reported in a front line despatch to the "Red Star" to-day.

Despite the tremendous losses inflicted by the defenders of the fortress, the Germans have now broadened their attack over the whole front.

The correspondent adds, however, that "nearly all" the enemy's attacks were repulsed. Hurling fresh reserves and tanks in groups into action in simultaneous attacks, the Germans succeeded in pressing back the defenders in two directions. In some places, they broke through into the Soviet forward positions, but were unable to penetrate the defences in depth.

Fighting still cotinued for one populated place where the Germans tried without success to carry on outflanking movement with the intention of striking from the rear.

On Kharkov Front

The "Red Star" correspondent reported to-day that the Germans had succeeded in driving a wedge "to some extent" in the Soviet lines of defence on one sector of the Kharkov front.

About 200 tanks followed by several infantry units were used for the assault on this section of the front. In other sectors of the front the Germans are trying to break through with groups of about thirty tanks.

Fierce Nazi Push

To-day's midday Soviet communique said: "During the night of June 23 on the Sebastopol sector of the front fighting continued with superior enemy forces.

"In other sectors of the front no material changes took place."

DEVELOPMENTS IN BALKANS

Soviet Ambassador In Turkey Recalled For Consultations

ANKARA, June 24.

THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR, M. VINOGRADOV, HAS BEEN RECALLED TO MOSCOW FOR CONSULTATION, IT WAS ANNOUNCED HERE TO-DAY.—REUTER

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Prelude To Jap Attack On Siberia?

SIGNIFICANCE OF SATO-MOLOTOV MEETING

BOMBAY, June 24.

The visit of the Japanese Ambassador to M. Molotov, Soviet Commissar for Foreign Affairs, in Moscow last Friday is described by to-day's 'TA KUNG PAO' as indicating the anxiety of Japan to learn the contents of the U. S.-Russian agreement.

The paper says that the visit of Mr. Sato was closely linked up with other events in Japan suggesting a possible offensive against the U. S. S. R.

KEEP RUSSIA STRONG

Pointing out that the conditions in northern Europe were not favourable for the Nazis to make another onslaught on the Soviets the paper urges the Allies to keep the U.S.S.R. strong in order that she may play an important role in defeating the Axis. There was a great need for the Allies to develop a Second Front in Europe which, however, would prompt Hitler to force Japan to create a similar front in Asia.

Therefore, for an all-out aid programme, Anglo-American efforts must also be directed to make the U.S.S.R. strong in the Pacific. With their armies desperately engaging the Nazis in Europe, it would be out of place to ask the Russians to strike Japan first. Hence the responsibility of taking an offensive in the Pacific lies with China, the United States and Great Britain.

The 'TA KUNG PAO' further states that the recent torpedo attack on a U.S.S.R. merchant vessel off the coast of Japan, the repeated utterances of Wang Ching Wei on his so-called anti-Communist front, and the appointment of General Koiso—a confirmed anti-Communist—as the Governor-General of Korea were a prelude to a Japanese northward advance. Japan would launch an offensive against the U.S.S.R. at the same moment Hitler launched an all-front attack on the Soviet armies in Europe, the "TA KUNG PAO" says.

Call For Centralised Supreme Command

The change in the war situation in North Africa and the third historic meeting between President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill would provide an excellent opportunity for deciding on a centralised Supreme Command for a uniform and well-balanced war effort, according to the 'China Times.'

The journal states that the United Nations should unify their co-operation and take the offensive in order to hasten the doom of the aggressors.

Kiangsi Battle Continues

Last night's Chungking war communique stated that on the Kiangsi front fighting was continuing outside the town of Kwangseng, and that at the same time, the Chinese were making further progress in their counter-attack towards Linchwan. In Chekiang, fighting was still going on to the south of Yiwu.

RAJAJI MEETS JINNAH

Great significance is attached in political circles to a meeting between Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Mr. M. A. Jinnah which took place at the latter's residence on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Rajagopalachari called on Mr. Jinnah and stayed with him for over an hour and a half. They are meeting again today (Thursday).

The news of the impending meeting was a well kept secret. Even greater secrecy is maintained about the trend of the conversations.

ALEXANDER SEES GANDHIJI

WARDHAGANJ, June 24.

Mr. Alexander, member of the Friends of India Society, London, who arrived here last night, saw Mahatma Gandhi this morning.—A.P.

Jairamdas Invited To Attend Wardha Meeting

ALLAHABAD, June 24.

The A.I.C.C. Office has issued special invitation under instructions from the Congress President to Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram to attend the next meeting of the Working Committee at Wardha.—A. P.

'Quit Order' On Labour Leaders

KARACHI, June 23.

Order under Defence of India Rules directing them to quit Karachi forthwith and not to return without previous permission of the district authorities were served to-day on two Labour Leaders Abdul Raheman and Tirathram arrested by the Harbour Police last week.—A.P.

Forward 'Bloc' Offices In Dacca Searched

DACCA, June 24.

Forward Bloc offices in Dacca, Naraingani and Manikganj were searched to-day and sealed by the police.—A.P.

FRANCE'S WAR AIMS

LONDON, June 24.

General de Gaulle's statement on French war aims announcing that after the war a Democratic National Assembly will be elected and the age-old French ideal of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity applied to France has now been published in both occupied and unoccupied France by underground newspapers representing various organisations of resistance.

General de Gaulle says: "We want this war to result in a world organisation establishing lasting solidarity and mutual help between nations in every sphere. We intend that in this international organisation France shall take an eminent position, to which her genius and achievements entitle her."—Reuter.

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Young men required with education by modern Factory in Bombay of considerable size to be trained as plant operators. Those with some mechanical experience preferred. Good prospects. Apply Box No. 8856, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Tutor to coach a student of Inter-Commerce in all subjects. Please apply stating previous experience and enclosing copies of testimonials to Box No. 16458, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: 250 Candidates for Railway Services as Guards, Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors, etc. Period of training 4-5 months. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80/-. Apply with -/16 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Daryaganj, Delhi. (16370)

Wanted an experienced Spinning & Carding Master for U. P. Mills. Apply with copies of testimonials stating salary expected to Box No. 8828, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted from the 1st October, 1942 a Lady Superintendent, A Warden and an Asstt. Warden for the Hostel attached to the Kanya Maha Vidyalaya Jullundur City. Knowledge of Hindi essential. Apply to the Principal. 8826

Wanted Lady Secretary for Bombay Presidency Women's Council, honorarium Rs. 50/75 P. M., according to qualification. Usual hours ten to one. Apply full particulars by 3rd July to Secretary, B. P. W. C., Town Hall Bombay. (16447)

62. TO BE LET.

To Be Let at Gowalia Tank in Queen Mansion and Bombay View, reasonable rent. Apply A. Hussonally, 115, Nagdevi St., Bombay. 16469

227. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:—Agents, in all parts of India for Lucrative Business with handsome terms. Apply to Fernandes, Gate No. 9, opp. J. J. Hospital, Byculla, Bombay. 16440

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans up to Rs. 500/- are advanced on promissory notes according to the status of the applicant, and larger amounts against suitable securities. For full particulars apply Box No. 16409 "Bombay Chronicle."

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303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted a Soda Fountain new or second-hand in good working condition. Apply Box 16456, "Bombay Chronicle".

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

One Metropolitan Vickers A. C. Generator K.V.A. 1667 and one 3000 amps 400 volts 3 phase oil circuit breaker for sale. For particulars write to Box No. 16408, "Bombay Chronicle."

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Plots are for Sale at Dadar, opp. to Railway Station Freehold Land also at Poibawadi, Parel, also at Parsi Colony, Dadar Apply Box No. 16269C "Bombay Chronicle."

Properties for Sale on good Localities New as well as old properties. Investers can apply to Box No. 16269B "Bombay Chronicle."

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Tender forms can be had from the office of Director-General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi. The price for each tender form is Rs. 2/- and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by money order to the Director General, Indian Medical Service. Tender number and remitter's full address should be stated on the coupon. Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on the 15th July, 1942.

Tender forms can also be had from Deputy Assistant Director General (Medical Stores) Medical Store Depot, Lahore Cantt., Bombay, Calcutta and Madras, on payment of the prescribed fee.

(8851)

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE (SUPPLY)

TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF CONTROLLER of Purchase (Supply), New Delhi invites tenders for 8,450 Razors open required at Cawnpore.

Tender No. P|SY|MS-1006|2|1.

Price of tender form, etc., Rs. 5|- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Chief Controller of Purchase (Supply), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of money orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 16th July, 1942.

Samples against this tender are required to be submitted to the Director of Laboratories, P. B. No. 127, Cawnpore by 16-7-42 at the latest.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Administrative Officer, (Purchase Branch) Department of Supply, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the Offices of the Controllers of Supplies at Bombay, Cawnpore, Karachi, Lahore and Madras and the Chief Controller of Purchase (Munitions), Calcutta and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

8833

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel., Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap brass boring quality No. 2 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel.

Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date THURSDAY, 9th July, 1942, at 3 p.m. (S. T.).

8730

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Wholesale consumers in tea who like to buy Tea direct from garden are requested to correspond with S. C. Bagcho & Co., Jalpaiguri (Bengal). (16371)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Clearing and Forwarding Karachi Consignments:—For clearings and despatching your consignments at Karachi Port, please refer to Messrs. Girdharlal & Co., Licensed Clearing Agents, Post Box 99, Bombay. Phone: 30101. (16443)

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Public Notices

NOTICE

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Government Control Price

3 ANNAS per lb.

In view of the scarcity of Sugar in Bombay, we have pleasure in informing the public that we are opening our retail shop at "JAYANT NIVAS", Girgaum, Bombay 4, (near Majestic Cinema), and request bonafide consumers to avail themselves of this opportunity of purchasing sugar at the rate of three annas per lb. in lots of five lbs.

DECCAN MARKETING COMPANY

TENDER NOTICE

THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR GENERAL, Cotton Textiles Directorate, (P-16) Hararwala Building, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites tenders for:—

32,000 Pairs of Socks Navy Blue Woollen.

32,000 Pairs of Stockings Navy Blue Woollen.

Tender No. SYCX-2174|P16.

Price of the tender form is Rs. 10|- per set and is not refundable and the tender forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order to the Assistant Director General, Cotton Textiles, Bombay.

Tenders will be received upto 4 P.M. on 8-7-42.

(8853)

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy numbered 37138 on the life of Joseph Solomon of Dadar, Bombay, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date

S. B. CARDMASTER
Life Manager.

16452

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

WANTED URGENTLY a SURVEYOR with five years' practical experience of which three years as a Surveyor in a Metal Mine, acquainted with levelling and theodolite observations and making of maps. Candidates should also have an intimate knowledge of plane-tabling and underground fixed needle traverses.

Pay Rs. 300|- per mensem. Age limit 36 years. Appointment for one year in the first instance.

Applications may be addressed giving full particulars of qualifications, etc., to the DIRECTOR, GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA, Calcutta, so as to reach him on or before the 3rd July, 1942.

8843

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that with effect from 1st July, 1942, interest on Current Accounts will be reduced from 1/2 per cent. to 1/4 per cent. per annum at Bombay Branch, Apollo Street, Bombay City Office, Kalbadevi Road and Ahmedabad Sub-Agency. Other terms remain unchanged.

8854.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of LOCO DRIVERS and LOCO FIREMEN. At least 2 years Railway experience necessary. Age not to exceed 45 years. Minimum pay for Drivers Re. -/4/3 per hour rising by annual increments to the maximum of -/7/- per hour. Minimum pay for Fireman Re. -/2/3 per hour rising by annual increments to the maximum of -/3/6 per hour. 10 p.c. House Allowance will be paid if quarters are not available. Employment will be temporary and for the duration of the war. Applicants certificates of previous employment should be forwarded. Successful applicants will be required to pass a medical examination by the Port Trust Medical Officer. Applications should be addressed to the Assistant Mechanical Superintendent, Loco Shed, Bombay Port Trust Railway, Wadala, Bombay.

H. A. GAYDON,
Manager.
Bombay Port Trust Railway,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.
23rd June, 1942. 8852

NOTICE

DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING COMPANY, LTD.

*Elphinstone Circle
*Thakurdwar
*Sandhurst Bridge
*Kalbadevi
*Mandvi
*Zaveri Bazar
*Nasik City
*Nasik Road
*Matheran

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that with effect from 1st July, 1942, Interest on Current Account Deposits will be reduced to 1/4 (One-fourth) per cent. per annum at all our abovementioned Offices. Other terms will remain unchanged.

P. V. GANDHI,
Manager.
Bombay, 25th June, 1942. 8846.

NOTICE

LOSS OF BOND WARRANT

THE UNDERNOTED Bond Warrant has been LOST or MISPLACED and application has been made to the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, for the issue of a duplicate:—

BOND WARRANT No. 1986, Dated 19th July, 1940, issued in favour of Pohoomull Bros. (and endorsed over to us) relative to Bond No. 1986, dated 19-7-40 for 3 packages Silk piecegoods.

(commodity)
marked P. B. ex s. s. PE-76|78
NANG MARU stored in B Bonded Warehouse, 'A' Dock.

RAMNIKLAL TULSIDAS,
C|o. Sassoon S. Reuben,
No. 2, Waterloo Mansion,
Mayo Road, Fort, Bombay.
(16461)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

BONA FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF MODERN & OTHER FURNITURE, etc.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 28th June, 1942, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at "Breach Candy House" (1st floor) next to Swimming Baths at Warden Road, the undermentioned furniture etc., property of Mrs. J. A. Tower.

Dining, drawing and bed-room furniture made by Army and Navy Stores and others such as Jacobean dining table, chairs, side board, etc., cupboards, folding screen, glass ware and crockery, Chesterfield suite, Jacobean writing bureau, carpets, modern beds, wardrobe, dressing table made by Army and Navy, panel door cupboard, etc., etc.

On view.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 29th June, 1942, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises of the Yokohama Specie Bank Ltd., at Hornby Road the undermentioned properties of H. Tomy-Zawa, T. Mitsubata, Carl Fruchte and others all vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

Miscellaneous furniture, carpets, stone figure heads and historical slabs and other curios, steel and wooden specially made boxes, stationery and a lot of sundry articles.

On view from the 27th instant.

BENNETT & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

GOVT. AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE OF 55 BALES COTTON POPLIN.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 27th Instant at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at Godown No. 3-4, Sun Beam Chambers, New Marine Lines, by order of Messrs. Hotchand Jawharmal and on account and at the risk of Messrs. G. Bheroomall Sons:—

55 Bales Cotton Poplin in various Shades including:—
25 Bales Size 28"|29" x 20 Yards.
20 Bales Size 35"|36" x 20 Yards.
Terms:—25 per cent. deposit

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

THE SALE of 50 Persian Carpets will take place TO-DAY at 3 P.M. at the room of the Auctioneers, 123, Medows Street, as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

IT'S CONFOUNDING THE CRITICS AND DELIGHTING THE FANS

Vijay

Starring:
DURGA KHOTE, HARISH, HUSN BANU

THE GRANDEST DRAMA OF THE YEAR

Directed by MOHAN SINHA
Produced by MEHBOOB
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sunday Matinee 12-30

SWASTIK

The Theatre for Luxurious Comfort
Tele: 41561.

City Light

A new cinema for Residents in Matunga, Dadar, Mahim, Sion and Dharavi at
LADY JAMSHEDJI RD.
B. B. MATUNGA

City Light

(Cinema Magnificent)
GRAND OPENING TO-DAY
At 9-30 p.m.
with
KHAZANCHI

The picture which needs no introduction
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Mat Sat. Sun. & Holidays 1-30
Phone 61204

FIRST PRIVILEGE WEEK
Leela Desai's
First Bombay Film
LAXMI PRODUCTION'S
TAMANNA

Starring:
LEELA DESAI and JAIRAJ
with Jagdish, Karan Dewan, K. C. Dey, Shanta Kumari

Director: PHANI MAZUMDAR
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Mat. Sun. & Holidays 12-45 P.M.

ZANANA SHOW
TODAY AT 1-30 P.M.
FAZLI BROS' MUSICAL SOCIAL
MASOOM
RAMOLA, ANIS, MEHTAB MAZHAR
4th WEEK AT
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 7 & 10 P.M.

PICKING BANDS

Beltings Buffers etc., manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO. LTD., 9 Ash Lane Fort, Bombay 'Phone 33609

FREE

Send /4/ stamps first to get the miraculously effective medicines of any Sexual Disorder free for trial to get fully convinced of their action before spending and avoid deception as at other places For secret details send /2/- stamps for the book "Sexual Guide" (110 pages).

KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.
Famous Sex Specialist & Gold Medalist
Chamberlain Road, Lahore. 'Phone 4848

METRO
COMFORTABLY COOL
ESPLANADE ROAD
TELEPHONE 31045
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m
LAST DAY!
Edward G. Robinson
UNHOLY PARTNERS
with Laraine Day, Marsha Hunt, Edward Arnold
A Mervyn LeRoy-Hayes picture

TOMORROW!
BEYOND COMPARE!
GAGNEY CAPTAINS OF THE CLOUDS IN TECHNICOLOR
A NEW WARNER BROS. HIT with Dennis Morgan · Brenda Marshall

Your Favourite Star
LEELA DESAI
was pleased to witness...
DUNIYA EK TAMASHA
(The World's A Play)
THE BIGGEST LAUGH-RIOT current in the City
FOLLOW LEELA DESAI in her pleasure!
NOVELTY
4th WEEK
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

9th WEEK
OF GROWING CROWDS!
Khan-Daan
DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S
IT HAS WON B'BAY'S HEART
New West End
Daily 3, 6 and 9 P.M.

ZENANA SHOW TO-DAY at 1 p.m.
JANAK'S
Entertainment Hit
Rai Saheb
A CHHOTUBHAI DESAI PRODUCTION
6th Week at
LAMINGTON
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m

1st ZENANA SHOW TO-DAY AT 1 P.M.
NEW HUNS' Popular Hit
PAHILA PALNA
(Many Happy Returns)
12th WEEK at
CENTRAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-15, 9 p.m.

FAMILY THOUGHT HE WAS DYING

Through Gastric Ulcers

Believed to be dying from gastric ulcers, this man has surprised his family by his remarkable recovery. How did he do it? These are his own words:—

"I suffered for years with gastric ulcers. I was never free from pain and quite unable to work. A few months ago, my family thought I was dying. Then my wife saw an advertisement of Digestif Rennies, and my daughter got me a box. Now, praises be, I have had no pain, no wind in my stomach, no 'acid' for weeks: and I am glad to say that I am able to eat food that used to be forbidden me. Since taking Rennies, I have gained weight. My doctor will verify what my letter says."—W.F

Digestif Rennies work in three ways. They contain antacids which neutralise acidity; absorbents which reduce stomach gas; and digestive ferments which actively aid digestion. Rennies dissolve in the mouth. They become active at once, because they reach your stomach full strength—not weakened with water. Two Rennies end stomach pain in five minutes.

You can get Rennies from any chemist or store; a small box costs only a few annas.

Wash Your Mouth, Nose and Throat
with
GLYMOL
EFFICIENT ANTISEPTIC
GARGLE & WASH
Invaluable during Epidemics
● HARMLESS
● NON-IRRITANT
● AGREEABLE
BENGAL CHEMICAL
CALCUTTA : : BOMBAY.
Agents:
ORIENT DRUG AGENCY,
Princess Street, Bombay 2.

QUICK RELIEF FROM BAD COUGHS!
How? Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, a teaspoonful every hour until the hacking is relieved and the germ-laden phlegm expelled. Pleasant tasting, liquorice-flavoured. No narcotics. Safe for adults and children.
CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Post Box No. 322. Tel. No. 22037.

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	Local	Mofussil
1 Year	Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
6 Months	Rs. 16-0	Rs. 18-0
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1 Month	Rs. 3-8	Rs. 4-0

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Rs. 30 for 6 Months.
Rs. 15 for 3 Months.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local	Mofussil
Yearly	Rs. 9-0	Rs 14-0
Half-yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs. 5-8

FOREIGN.

Yearly	Rs. 18
Half-yearly	Rs. 10

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

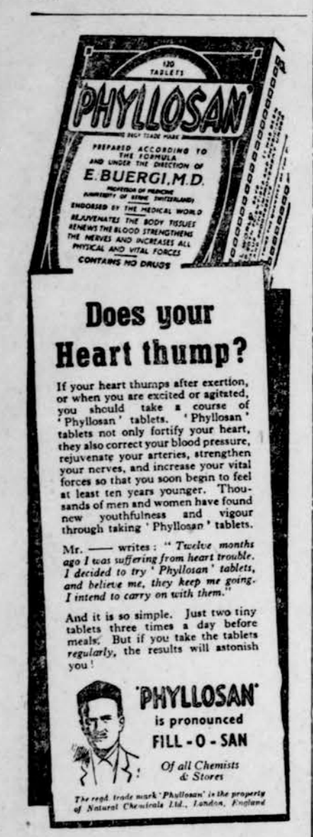
The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Mazagaon Workers And Justice Chagla's Award

A meeting of the Strike Committee of the Dock Yard Labour Union was held on Sunday evening at the Union's Office under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta to consider the Order of the Adjudicator, Mr. Justice Chagla, on the dispute between the Dock Yard Labour Union and Messrs Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., Managing Agents of Messrs. Mazagaon Dock Ltd. The Order was explained clause by clause and after some discussion the following resolution was unanimously passed:—

"Resolved that while the Committee agrees that what is done by agreement between the Union and Messrs Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., is satisfactory it is not however satisfied the grievances of the workers in the matter of pension and the hard life of the Bargemen and Launchmen have been sufficiently appreciated by the Adjudicator."


120 TABLETS
PHYLLOSAN
DAILY TRADE MARK
PREPARED ACCORDING TO THE FORMULA AND UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
E. BUERGI, M.D.
PROFESSOR OF PHARMACY UNIVERSITY OF BERNE, SWITZERLAND
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL WORLD
REJUVENATES THE BODY TISSUES
RENEWS THE BLOOD STRENGTHENS THE NERVES AND INCREASES ALL PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES
CONTAINING NO DRUGS

Does your Heart thump?

If your heart thumps after exertion, or when you are excited or agitated, you should take a course of 'Phyllosan' tablets. 'Phyllosan' tablets not only fortify your heart, they also correct your blood pressure, rejuvenate your arteries, strengthen your nerves, and increase your vital forces so that you soon begin to feel at least ten years younger. Thousands of men and women have found new youthfulness and vigour through taking 'Phyllosan' tablets.

Mr. —— writes: *"Twelve months ago I was suffering from heart trouble. I decided to try 'Phyllosan' tablets, and believe me, they keep me going. I intend to carry on with them."*

And it is so simple. Just two tiny tablets three times a day before meals. But if you take the tablets *regularly*, the results will astonish you!

'PHYLLOSAN' is pronounced FILL-O-SAN

Of all Chemists & Stores

The regd. trade mark 'Phyllosan' is the property of Natural Chemicals Ltd., London, England

GALVANISED ROOFING

NUTS & BOLTS

India's best, as good as any in the world for new or renovated monsoonproof roofs and G.I. structures. Uniform in strength, finish and proof against rust. ¼" diam. up to 1½" length. Any quantity supplied on order.

Makers:

HIND CYCLES LTD

GETS INTO EVERY CREVICE!

The "Mira" toothbrush ensures thorough teeth cleaning and healthy gum massage. A specially designed tuft means that even the tiny, difficult to reach crevices at the back of the mouth (where decay often starts unseen) are thoroughly cleansed. The "Mira" is the right brush at the right price—with pure, selected bristles anchor set so that they simply can't come out! It lasts longer!

Look for the box with the blue band

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 12, 1998
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 10, 1361
Parsi: Deh 24, 1311
Sunrise: 6-5 a.m. Sunset: 7-17 p.m.
Hightide: 9-17, 20-54. Lowtide: 2-35, 15-06.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"Unholy Partners" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Underground" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"Look Who's Laughing" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EMPIRE—"I Thank You" 4 6-30 and 9-30
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 2, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2.45, 6 and 9 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khandaan" 3, 6 and 9
NOVELTY—"Duniya Ek Tamasha" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Nirdosh" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Paina" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
PALACE—"Strawberry Blonde" 4, 6-30 and 10
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4, 6-45 and 9-45
EDWARD—"Saubhagya" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ALFRED—"Mutiny on the Bounty" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PARADISE—"Sea Wolf" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Raja-Rani" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Masoom" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Nai Roshni" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Maian" 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Vijay" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Rai Saheb" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH—"Lapandav" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

DELISLE ROAD A.R.P. COMMITTEE: Mr. D. N. Kale shall give a course of 9 lectures to train Wardens Instructors from today (Thursday) at 7 p.m. in the Maharashtra High School, Lower Parel.

BOMBAY ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE: The programme of the Literacy Campaign for to-day (Thursday) is as under: 10 p.m. Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Sjt. N. C. N. Acharya S. L. Silam, will speak.

INCIDENT OFFICERS' TRAINING COURSE: Practice on 'Sand Table', to-day (Thursday) at 5-30 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS: Lady Lumley attended by Flight-Lieut. the Lord Wharton Aide-de-Camp left Bombay and arrived at Poona on Wednesday morning.

B. P. STUDENTS' FEDERATION: The General Secretary, Bombay Presidency Students' Federation, announces that to-morrow (Friday), "India Day" will be observed all over the presidency by the branches of the Federation.

P.V.B. BOARD OF CONTROL MEETING: A meeting of the Board of Control of the People's Volunteer Brigade will be held today (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. at Congress House.

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI: The Committee of Management of the Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali had this year received in all 375 applications from students from the different parts of the country for loan-scholarships, out of which 179 were granted of the aggregate sum of Rs. 1,077-8-0 per mensem.

B. C. & S. MOTOR CAR DRIVERS' UNION: In reply to the Union's representations to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, in regard to permission to sound the horn in "Silence Zone" at night, the Commissioner of Police says:—"I write to inform you that it is not considered necessary to remove the ban particularly as the traffic between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. is very much reduced owing to the blackout. I would also bring to your notice that in case of an emergency the sounding of horn would not be illegal."

MR. NIMBKAR TO BE ENTERTAINED: Bombay Presidency Committee of the Indian Federation of Labour will give a dinner party in honour of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar who was recently appointed Labour Welfare Adviser, Government of India, to-day (Thursday) at the Purohit Hindu Restaurant at 8 p.m.

"RUSSIA DAY" MEETING AT RECREATION CHAMBERS: Under the joint auspices of Mazagaon and Chinchbunder Sections of National War Front, a public meeting in celebration of "Russia Day" was held on Monday, under the chairmanship of Mr. Alimahomed Mecklai, Director, National War Front, Mazagaon Section, in Recreation Chambers. In his speech, he explained why "Russia Day" was celebrated and read out Mr. R. P. Masani's special message on "Russia Day."

SECURITY ORDER CANCELLED: The Government of Bombay has cancelled its notice demanding a security of Rs. 600 from Mr. Ramchandra Shrinivas Hukerikar, as Keeper of the Vasant Printing Works, Dharwar.

SHIELDS FOR BEST COWS

Director of Information, Bombay, writes: The Government of Bombay has accepted Mr. S. G. Patil's offer to institute a shield to be awarded to the owner of the best Khilari cow and Mr. B. A. Sar-Nadgouda's offer to institute a shield to be awarded to the owner of the best Krishna Valley cow exhibited at the cattle rallies in the Bijapur district.

TECHNICAL EXHIBITION TIME EXTENDED: Because of its great success, the Technical Trades Exhibition at St. Xavier's High School, Bombay, is being continued until June 26. June 25 is being observed as Parents' Day and the general public will not be admitted. Invitations have been sent to thousands of parents and the "Day" will be opened with a speech by Sir Chimanlal Setalvad at 5-30 p.m. and it is expected that many parents will respond to the invitation.

5,500 CIVIC GUARDS IN BOMBAY PROVINCE: Nearly 5,500 Civic Guards were on the roll in Bombay Province on May 1. The Guards continued to give useful assistance to the police by doing night patrol and 'bandobast' duties at fairs, festivals and bazaars. In Bombay city, watch posts have been established at several points along the coast and are manned by the Civic Guards.

THANA CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION: The Finals of the Indoor Games' Tournaments of this Association concluded on Tuesday evening, the following being the results:—(1) Table Tennis: Mr. S. I. Satghare beat Dr. A. B. Shaligram 21-19, 21-13, 15-21, 21-11; (2) Bridge: Mr. R. L. Purohit (Agent, "Times of India") and Mr. K. R. Deuskar beat Mr. M. M. Donde and Master Hyder Kasumali; (3) Carrom: Finals yet to be played.

The prize distribution will take place on Sunday, (28th instant) at 4-30 p.m. at the Marathi Granth Sangrahalaya when there will be an exhibition game of Table Tennis. Rev. Dr. Wilfred Pereira, Principal, St. John the Baptist's High School, will preside and distribute prizes.

HAFFKINE INSTITUTE

Substantial reductions have been made in the fees charged for private analytical and bacteriological work done at the Haffkine Institute, Bombay.

Laboratory service for acute infectious diseases liable to spread in an epidemic form, such as cholera, enteric fever, dysentery, diphtheria, cerebro-spinal meningitis plague, typhus, relapsing fever, scarlet fever and whooping cough, is free but material must be sent to the Institute by the physicians attending cases. Ordinarily the Institute is not in a position to send a medical man to take samples for examination.

GOVERNMENT SANCTION FOR COTTON SALE SOCIETIES

Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—The scheme for the organisation of co-operative cotton sale societies for the marketing and "Agmarking" of pure Jarila cotton in the East Khandesh district produced by the members of the co-operative societies and other approved cultivators has been sanctioned by the Bombay Government.

AUSTRALIAN TEST CRICKETER DEAD

MELBOURNE, June 24

The Air Board announces that the Australian test match cricketer Ross Gregory has been killed in air operations overseas. Gregory was aged 26 and was a Sergeant Observer in R.A.F.

ON THE AIR

THURSDAY, June 25.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s.)

5 p.m. Munni. 5-15 Abdul Ghani. 5-30 Munni. 6-30 Gauhar Sultan. 6-45 Sham ke rag. 7 Munni. 7-15 Life as I see it. 7 7-30 Afzal Husain. 7-35 It has happened. 7-40 Mahaweer Khan. 7-55 Thumri on clarionet. 8 Munni 8-15 for villagers only. 8-55 Gauhar Sultan. 9 Radio chronicle.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

7-30 a.m. Records. Indian Music. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8-0 News in English. 8-10 Venu Bai Dewasthali. 8-25 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 D. H. Deodhar. 9-20 A. Kannan of Hyderabad.

12-30 p.m. Mixed Fare. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Silver Jubilee. 1-33 News in English. 1-35 Indian hour music.

4-25 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow 5-5 A. Kannan. 5-25 D. H. Deodhar. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Geet: AIR Artist. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 7 The new constitution. 7-15 Venu Bai Dewasthali. 7-30 D. H. Deodhar. 7-45 News commentary (Marathi). 7-50 Kaniz Bai. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 The axis speaks. 8-45 Dot and Dash by D. F. Karaka. 9-0 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News Commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 BBC news relay. 9-45 Listening post. 9-50 War review. 10 Julia Wortmann (Soprano). 10-10 Interlude. 10-20 Luise Vajid Mahmood. 10-35 Edmund Gladwin.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7.24) kc/s.)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Flute recital. 8 G. G. Kharadkar. 8-10 to 8-55 AIR Bhajan mandali. 9 Hamid Hussain Hamidi Recital. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,24) kc/s.)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7.24) kc/s.)

4-20 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 AIR Bhajan mandali. 8-20 A. Kannan. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 AIR Orchestra. 9-10 Venu Bai Dewasthali. 9-20 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 10 Doan Druva. Part 2. 10-30 Kaniz Bai.

CITY FATHERS FOR JT. CIVIL DEFENCE

Although the Mayor has not fixed the day of election of the six Municipal Councillors on the Joint Civil Defence Committee, it is understood that the following six Councillors will be nominated: Messrs. S. K. Patil, Asok Mehta, Ratilal Gandhi, A. P. Sabawala, D. V. Pradhan and Dr. J. A. DeSouza. The Municipal Congress Party wished to nominate Dr. J. A. Collaco but he is likely to be out of Bombay, hence Dr. DeSouza is selected.

Mr. M. D. Bhat, the Municipal Commissioner and Mr. Y. J. Meherally, the Mayor, are already elected on the Civil Defence Committee by the Municipal Corporation last week.

M. N. ROY CRITICISES MAHATMA'S STAND

NEW DELHI, June 24

Mr. M. N. Roy in the course of a statement to the press says:—

"Mr. Gandhi's reply to the 'London Times' is pure sophistry. He complains that his proposals have been distorted. But he actually owns up to the charge levelled against him when he says: "If there is anarchy in India, Britain alone will be responsible, not I. What I have said, is that I would prefer anarchy to the present slavery and consequent impotence of India."

So, he admits that his proposals involve the danger of anarchy for India. He has not proved that the danger is imaginary. He cannot blame others who cannot share his facile optimism that, upon the acceptance of his proposals, "India's sullenness and discontent will be changed, as if by magic, into joyful and hearty co-operation with the Allies." As a Mahatma, he may believe in magic. But ordinary mortals are inclined to be more rational.

In an apologetic article, in the current issue of the "Harijan", he admits that "the suppressed delight of the man in the street over British reverses are dangerous symptoms which may lead to the success of Japanese designs upon India." His present propaganda is only aggravating that danger. All his belaboured argumentations are irrelevant. The question he has to answer is: How will India defend herself, if the British and American forces withdraw?

He shirks this purely military question with moral sermons—and sophistry. In his reply to the "Times" he writes: "Operations of the Allied forces against Japanese aggression have been left intact under my proposal." If that is the case, he should withdraw his demand for the withdrawal of the British and American forces.

BIKANER RULER OPERATED UPON

BOMBAY, June 24

H. H. the Maharajah of Bikaner had a minor throat operation performed upon him to-day at his residence in Bombay by Dr. Petsal. His Highness stood the operation well, and is not confined to bed.

India's Grand Old Man

B.P.C.C.'s Appeal To Public To Participate In Death Anniversary Functions

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement:

On Tuesday next, June 30, falls the 25th death anniversary of the late Dadabhai Naoroji who was twice President of the Indian National Congress. The Indian nation can never forget the yeoman's services rendered by the Grand Old Man of India to the cause of our national freedom. In the words of the late Mr. Gokhale, "Mr. Naorcji had attained in the hearts of millions of his countrymen, without distinction of race or creed, a place which rulers of men might envy, and was more like the influence which great teachers of humanity have exercised on those whose thoughts and hopes and lives they have lifted to higher plane." The life of Dadabhai was one of the most perfect examples of the highest type of patriotism that any country has ever produced is, therefore, full of lessons to all Indians who take a real interest in the progress and development of their Motherland.

The B. P. C. C. has decided to observe, in a fitting manner, the 25th death anniversary of India's Grand Old Man. This will be done at a public meeting under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. which will be held on Tuesday next.

We appeal to all public bodies and Institutions to join with us in paying, once again, on this memorable occasion the nation's homage to this great patriot who lived and died for India. The public bodies desiring to join in the celebration should kindly intimate to the office of the B. P. C. C. We appeal to the public of Bombay to participate in the functions of the day. The time and place of the meeting will be announced later.

BLACK-OUT HOURS REDUCED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A two-hour relaxation in the "black-out areas" in Bombay will operate from to-night (June 24).

The total black-out will be enforced from midnight instead of from 10 p. m.

'C. R.' Speaks To-day

Under the auspices of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), the North Bombay Students' Union, and Bombay Students' Union, Mr. Rajagopalachari will speak on "The present political situation" at the Nappoo Hall, Matunga, to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. sharp. Mr. N. M. Joshi will preside.

New Municipal Secretary

Rao Bahadur S. N. Damle, Secretary, Bombay Municipality going on leave from July 2 prior to retirement. The Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation on Wednesday, recommended to the Municipal Corporation Mr. B. V. Moty, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, to be appointed as acting Secretary.

The Standing Committee appointed Mr. C. F. DeSouza as Deputy Municipal Secretary.

COTTON TEXTILE ADVISORY BOARD

A Press Note says:—

A meeting of the Cotton Textiles Advisory Panel was held in Bombay on the 22nd and 23rd June, presided over by Mr. R. W. Target, Director-General, Supply Department. The meeting reviewed the working of Panel arrangements over the past six months and the manufacturing programme for the next six months.

A series of meetings of the sub-committees of the Panel are being held to fix prices for the next quarter.

Pakistan—Hidden Under Safeguard Bogey

Munshi Deplores Disruption; British Sympathy—An Insult To Indian Nationhood

BOMBAY, June 23.

"Pakistan is a word of elusive meaning. It begins with a modest search for safeguards against Hindu majority rule. It ends by preaching a crusade for the restoration of the empire of Chengizkhan.

The only reply to Pakistan, if one is compelled to give it, is what Abraham Lincoln gave to the Southern States of U.S.A. 'You shall not'". Thus says Mr. K. M. Munshi, ex-Home Minister, Government of Bombay, in the course of a statement:—

Mr. Munshi says:—"Recent events have forced the protagonists of Pakistan to elaborate the idea which, as I have been insistently pointing out, has a very sinister significance. The day the Muslim League adopted Pakistan as its objective it declared war on the Indian Nation. No sane man can have any illusions in the matter. A war is being waged on the Indian Nation on every front which is possible and open to the disruptionists under present circumstances which render an armed conflict impossible.

HYDERABAD HINTED

"From statements more or less authoritative it appears that Pakistan is to be ushered in India in the name of democracy. 95 per cent. of the Hindu population of Hyderabad (Dn.) is to be cut off from the rest of India and converted into serfs of a Muslim dynasty because it is the patrimony of Muslims from all over the world. While in provinces or states like Kashmir where the Muslims are in a majority the Hindu minority has to be converted into helots of a Muslim theocratic state in the name of democracy. Thus will be achieved the triangular control of India, as a Sub-committee of the League once said.

JINNAH'S TECHNIQUE DEPLORED

"The President of the Muslim League has a technique all his own to achieve the dismemberment of this country. In 1915 at Lucknow he could exact separate electorates from the Congress by a promise to fight for Swaraj. In 1932-33 at the Round Table Conference he could secure thirteen out of his fourteen points from the British by helping Britain to thwart the national aspirations of India. In 1938 he could offer to the Congress his and his retinue's faithful services in its fight against the British if the Congress conceded him the perpetual domination of India by conceding fifty-fifty ratio in the constitutions. In 1939 he offered help to Britain if he was paid this very price. The other day he offered to the British to hurl the enemy out of India with invincible strength' if independent Muslim States are conceded in post-war India. He is a true soldier of fortune. Given the proper price he can help to bring you to freedom on slavery.

"Pakistan is a word of elusive meaning. It begins with a modest search for safeguards against Hindu majority rule. It ends by preaching a crusade for the restoration of the empire of Chengizkhan. Those who think that the claim for Pakistan can be met by peaceful persuasion are living in a fool's paradise. The pantom of Pakistan cannot be quieted by a few sweetly chanted 'mantras'. It is not a mere call to Civil War. It is inspired by an ambition to disrupt the Nation and convert the whole of India into Pakistan by reducing non-Muslims in India to serfdom and drag them behind the chariot wheels of a Pan-Islamic Order.

NEGOTIATIONS SUICIDAL

"Any attempt at opening negotiations with the disruptionists under the panicky circumstances created by the War, will, therefore, be suicidal for the Indian Nation. The only reply to Pakistan if one is compelled to give it is what Abraham Lincoln gave to the Southern States of U. S. A.: 'You shall not'.

"And if under Col. Amery's guidance Britain throws in its lot with Pakistan, she must be prepared to face the resentment of the Indian Nation. Sympathy for Britain in the present war, it must not be forgotten, has been withheld mainly because she has fondled disruption to frustrate the Nation."—United Press.

PROVISION MERCHANT ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

For selling sugar at a price in excess of the price fixed by the Government, Noor Mahomed Motibhai, a provision merchant was arrested yesterday evening by the Palton Road Police.

Applying for a remand of the accused to custody, the police stated to-day before Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, that on the receipt of certain information that the accused was selling sugar for three annas and six pies per lb. instead of three annas as fixed by the Government, a bogus customer was sent to the accused's shop at Palton Road. Seven anna marked coins were given to the bogus customer. The accused is alleged to have sold 2 lbs. of sugar for annas seven to the bogus customer and on a signal given by the bogus customer, the police hurried to the shop and arrested the accused.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on bail.

Yesterday's A. R. P. Exercises Perfectly Successful

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Surprise A.R.P. alarms were sounded twice before noon to-day.

The first warning came off at about 8 a.m. and lasted for nearly 20 minutes. Faked bombs were hurled in different localities, and faked damage also occurred.

The A.R.P. paraphernalia was out as usual, and did wonderful work, knowing of course that it was only an exercise.

Another warning came off at 12-30 p.m. This is the first time that the warning has been sounded twice on one and the same day. The same process was repeated, and nothing untoward happened.

MAGISTRATE THREATENS TO RELEASE SUSPECT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"You have been making enquiries for three months and now you are still tracing the notification. If you don't put him on a charge-sheet next time, I will discharge him," said Mr. D. S. Babrekar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, when the police put up for further remand Thakorbhai Vasanji who is charged by the police with an offence under the Prohibition Act.

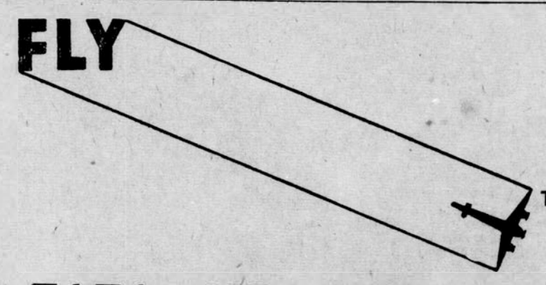
The accused, it was alleged, was arrested on March 31, while he was importing rectified spirit from Billimora to Bombay.

The reason given was that the Government notification prohibiting the transportation of rectified spirit without paying duty, could not be traced.

Dinner To Mr. Woo

To meet Mr Othman K. Woo representative of Islamic Federation of China, Mr. Amritlal D. Sheth Managing-Editor of "Janmabhoomi" gave a dinner at Purohit Hotel on Wednesday. A large number of editors of newspapers were present.

FLY TO COLOMBO



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MERE EXPANSION WON'T DO

A few days ago the air was thick with reports that a further expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council would be announced very soon. One report stated that in order to demonstrate her "bona fides" and her appreciation of the success of the first stage of expansion, Britain might now go the whole hog and Indianise the entire Council. Great expectations were raised among well-known friends of Government and there was much coming and going at New Delhi. The Europeans, too, put in their claims, saying that for all practical purposes they are an integral part of the Indian people and a recognised minority in the country. The distribution of portfolios was publicly discussed and several interesting forecasts were made. But a sudden lull seems to have followed the eager talks, and people are wondering where may be the hitch and if there is to be any expansion at all.

Lack Of Imagination

It appears that, apart from the difficulties—much easier created or intensified than solved—of satisfying all parties, communities and other "elements", the questions are still unsettled whether non-official Europeans are to be included in the Council and whether the portfolios of the Home and Finance should be transferred to Indian non-officials. Now, non-officialisation and Indianisation are now generally recognised as necessary reforms, however limited their scope in the absence of any change in the constitution. Whenever they have been honestly tried they have succeeded. That, in spite of all this, the British should still boggle at transferring Home and Finance Departments to Indian non-officials only shows their lack of imagination, their reluctance to part with power and distrust of Indians. They cannot imagine how Indians are bound to react to such distrust and deprivation of their legitimate right. As regards Europeans, they cannot have it both ways. They cannot claim certain rights as Europeans and certain other rights as Indians. None in India will object to the domiciled Europeans' sharing to the full the rights and responsibilities of Indians, as Indians.

Wanted Real Power

However, the main point that needs to be emphasized now is that mere Indianisation and non-officialisation will not mean the transference of real power to the people of India and without real power the people will not be enthused enough to put forth their best efforts in the prosecution of the war. If so, the Viceroy's Council should not only be Indianised and non-officialised but should also function as a Cabinet, the Viceroy acting as a constitutional Ruler. If any modifications of this plan are found to be necessary in connection with the conduct of the war or any other subject, they can be embodied in a Pact between the British Government and the accredited plenipotentiaries of the Indian people. It was on the basis of such a formula that negotiations were conducted between Congress leaders and Sir Stafford Cripps. Nor is this materially different from Gandhiji's appeal to the British to withdraw. What that appeal precisely amounts to is lucidly explained by him in his reply to the "Times" of London, which has distorted his suggestion. He says: "Operations of the Allied forces against Japanese aggression have been left intact under my proposal, which amounts to this that Britain should become true to her declaration, withdraw from India as conqueror and therefore controller of her destiny, and leave India to shape her own destiny without the slightest interference". We wholeheartedly endorse Gandhiji's view that a settlement on these lines puts Britain's case "on a moral basis and gives her in India a great ally, not in the cause of imperialism, but in the cause of human freedom". With regard to the claim of the "Times" that Britain still stands by the Cripps' proposals but will not go further at present, Gandhiji does well to point out that these proposals "have been weighed by India and after great deliberation rejected by all parties". And he voices the feeling in the whole country when he adds: "It is an insult to India to repeat those proposals as the final word of British statesmanship". The proposals, as finally explained by Sir Stafford, are, so far as arrangements during the war are concerned, nothing more than the Viceroy's scheme of expanding the Council, that is to say, adding to his advisers or assistants. If Britain is prepared to transfer real power to the people and 'help' a settlement she will not fail to succeed. Mere expansion of the Viceroy's Council will not satisfy any important party in the country.

Pincers Move?

What does this signify? With the fall of Sebastopol the danger to the Caucasus would obviously increase. Encouraged by their sensational success in Libya, have they decided to start their grand pincer drive against the Middle East and is the Kharkov flare-up, therefore, part of a general offensive against the Caucasus? It may very likely be so, but while the danger is undeniable, the situation, as regards the northern, that is, Russian, prong of the grand pincers is by no means serious. Marshal Timoshenko knows his German and his job. He has also got the men and material to spoil Herr Hitler's dream. Moreover, the Russians are quite able to strike dangerously elsewhere if the Germans concentrate all their might in the south.

From Mr. Attlee's account of the recent convoy battles in the Mediterranean it is obvious that the British naval forces, too, suffered heavily. The British sank for certain one heavy cruiser, two destroyers and a U-boat, destroyed at least 65 aircraft and hit a battleship with torpedo. But they lost a light cruiser, four destroyers, two escort vessels and 30 aircraft. This is not a cheering balance even adding two severely damaged Italian battleships which the Americans claim and of which Mr. Attlee, very curiously, makes no mention. It is not cheering because also of the fact that Malta received only a proportion of supplies and that, too, from only one convoy, the other having been forced to return to its base. And Malta's needs, always important, have now grown even more urgent. It is only natural that the Axis should intensify their attacks on Malta which is a bad thorn in their side. We have no doubt that they would further increase the fury and weight of their attacks upon it.

Temporary Success

The Chinese fighting gallantly have managed to halt the Japanese multi-pronged drive through Chekiang and Kiangsi. But there is no reason to believe that it is anything but temporary. With the resources in men and material that the Japanese have concentrated, they are more likely than not, to return to the attack presently. And even if they do not, they are bound to strike at some other vital sector of the long Sino-Japanese front. Checked elsewhrre, the Japanese naturally regard their China front as demanding an all out effort; so much so, indeed, that they are reported by a Chinese spokesman to have brought further reinforcements from the South Seas. As this spokesman has explained in some detail, the danger to China and to the strategy of the United Nations remains serious. And it can be met only if America and Britain assist China.

We are glad to note that President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill consider the China front sufficiently important to have found time for a conference with the Chinese Foreign Minister, Dr. T. V. Soong. Let us hope some concrete results emerge immediately from it. It is true that the dangerous turn which the struggle in North Africa has taken so unexpectedly must influence the question of the allocation of supplies. A great deal more than could have been normally expected has to be rushed and rushed immediately to save the situation in that theatre of war. And it must, necessarily affect supplies to other theatres. But China has asked only for the bare minimum necessary to stop the Japanese offensive from forcing a veritable disaster upon her. She must, therefore, not be made to suffer because the Middle East urgently needs extra aid.

Frankly Speaking

Kharkov Flare-Up

There is, of course, little doubt that Sebastopol will fall. But it has added, what we consider to be another glory, to its heroic record. The Fuehrer and his Supreme Command must have been anxious—we think they were in fact—to offer Sebastopol to their people as an appropriate present on the anniversary of the attack on Russia. The defenders of Sebastopol did not oblige and the bloody battle has gone on, with the Germans paying a full price for every advance that they have made. But it is noteworthy that the Germans are now simultaneously showing increased activity on another sector also of their southern front. They have launched a massive offensive in the Kharkov region and at one point at least they have made some progress, too.

Unjustifiable

The action taken against the All-India Forward Bloc seems to us to be uncalled-for and unjustifiable. Whatever may be the present activities of its founder, the Bloc as an institution has not, to our knowledge, done or is likely to do anything prejudicial to the defence of India. The Government of India claim to be satisfied that the Bloc is in danger of being utilised for purposes prejudicial to the defence of India, public safety, etc. But we fear Government have been misled. They have not acted wisely in declaring the All-India Bloc an unlawful body under a new Defence of India Rule which seemt to have been made for this very purpose. If any persons were found to have acted prejudicially they could have been prosecuted. But it is wrong to declare a body unlawful on insufficient evidence and then to suspect and proceed against persons and bodies just because they are somehow connected with it. The least that Government should do is to try in a court of law the persons they suspect as carrying on prejudicial activities

Venereal Diseases

A League for Combating Venereal Diseases was founded in Bombay in 1918 by the efforts of the late Dr. J. A. Turner. This was a non-official institution conducted by public support. A clinic was established and according to a report from the Municipal Commissioner to the Corporation in 1933, it was a pioneer institution in India and the only one of its kind in Bombay. This clinic was taken over by the Municipality in 1926 and has since continued to be a medium for sustained combat against venereal diseases by means of prophylactic disinfection, free treatment, post-graduate courses and propaganda work. The popularity of the clinic is evinced by the fact that the annual attendance, which was about 10,000 in 1918 has now risen to over 100,000 and the number of new patients which was approximately 1,000 in 1918 has increased to 14,000. The daily attendance, which almost touched 400, is probably not beaten by many hospitals in Bombay. Dr. Noronha was the first medical officer of the League in 1918 and continued to be first officer for venereal diseases in the Municipal Health Department. He retired last year after twenty-three years of service.

Dr. Noronha

On his retirement last year, the then Executive Health Officer of Bombay, remarked that Dr. Noronha's zeal and interest had made the Corporation V. D. clinic one of the most popular centres in the city and that by his retirement the Department had lost one of its best workers. Dr. Noronha's retirement had nothing to do with certain questions asked at a meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation regarding some alleged irregularities at the clinic of which he was the officer in charge or with the findings of the protracted investigations into these and into the working of other departments of the Municipality which were submitted by the Municipal Commissioner to the Corporation last month and disposed of by the latter. There is nothing in the report of the Municipal Commissioner which casts a reflection on Dr. Noronha. It is gratifying that Dr. Noronha's wide experience and knowledge of venereology is not lost to the city. The Governor of Bombay in extending his period of appointment as an Honorary Dermatologist to the St. George's Hospital, has appointed him to take additional charge of the Venereal Diseases Section of this Hospital. The Military Hospital at Colaba and the Naval Section of St. George's Hospital are also utilising his services.

International Football

We cordially welcome the inauguration of the International Football Match between Europeans and Indians which the Western India Football Association Limited staged at the Cooperage on Sunday last. As the event turned out to be a great success we hope the W. I. F. A. will make it a regular annual fixture. Sporting contests on international and inter-provincial basis are preferable to those on communal or religious one. It is indeed, highly gratifying to note that the Indian team succeed in defeating the European combination by two goals to nil. We heartily congratulate Mr. Alexander, the Captain, and his team on their splendid victory. By their fine display they proved that Indian football has made great progress on this side of India during the last few years. We hope every effort will be made to enter a team for the Santosh Trophy if the tournament is held this year. We have no doubt Bombay will be able to hold its own against the other provinces of India.

U. S. A. Out To Surpass 60,000 Planes Mark

"We Are Confident That Plane For Plane And Man For Man, Our Forces Are Superior" Declares Major-General Brereton

NEW DELHI, June 24.

Major General Lewis Hyde Brereton, Commanding the U. S. Army Air Forces in India, in a broadcast to-night from Delhi station of the All-India Radio discussed the role of aircraft in modern war and referred to the recent improvements in American aircraft.

In recent years, he said, there has been a tremendous increase in the speed of our planes, and they are able to operate at much higher altitudes. In addition, we have made substantial increases in fire power, in protective armour of the planes, self-sealing fuel tanks, and many other improvements.

"On the production side, it is a matter of common knowledge, of course that the tremendous industrial organisation of the United States has been put into the business of turning out aircraft. We may say that the increase in production is more than satisfactory, and that the very high goal set by the President for this year of 60,000 planes, seems likely to be surpassed.

NEED FOR CO-ORDINATION

"But I should like to point out that while I have been talking about air power, it must be kept in mind that an airforce alone has yet to win a war. Ground forces are at least of equal importance. What must be remembered is the interdependence of all our military forces. Ground forces must protect the bases from which planes operate. We rely upon them for that. On the other hand, ground forces look to us for support in their operation, as I have described. The air force must depend on the ground forces, not merely to protect its existing bases but to advance and seize the bases of the enemy and thus move forward air striking power.

"There are other ways in which our expanding air strength may shorten the war. One of the most interesting developments is the growing importance of the air force in logistics, that is, in the transport of troops and supplies. We are now using airplanes for the carrying of materials and personnel from place to place.

GETTING INTO STRIDE

Our ability to do this in the course of the war is a natural outgrowth of American leadership in the development of air transport in times of peace. American built planes were operating all over the world in civil transport, long before this war broke out. We have been able to adapt that leadership in civil transport to the problems of the military effort.

There is no reason not to be confident. From our point of view we are just getting into stride. We know we have this tremendous reservoir of production behind us. We know that we have our united people supporting us to their full capacity, we know, we can count on the co-ordinated support of all the United Nations. We are confident that plane for plane and man for man, our forces are superior to those of the enemy, with quantitative as well as qualitative superiority.

On behalf of my own command the tenth air force, I am happy to say that we are carrying the attack to the enemy and we shall continue to do that, until the enemy has been overwhelmed

COLONIAL SERVICES FOR MAXIMUM PRODUCTION

MacMillan On Cranborne's Plan Of Unification: Commons May Be Asked To Provide Funds

LONDON, June 24.

The urgent need for a speedy increase in production in all British colonies was emphasised in the Commons to-day by the Under Secretary for Colonies Mr. Harold MacMillan.

Pointing out that Britain had lost 60 per cent of the world's tin production, 90 per cent of rubber production and a large proportion of wolfram and lead and important sources for sugar, tea and rice he said, "We are threatened with further interference without sources of supply. We need to increase colonial productions for world purposes on an immense scale. Ceylon's rubber output, already at high level, has been intensified while steps will be taken to secure the maximum possible production in East and West Africa. Plantations are being revived. Abandoned rubber areas, mainly in Tanganyika, are being exploited. Some Malayan planters are already at work there. All types of wild rubber in East and West Africa are being tapped and prices fixed to secure the maximum production.

All territories are co-operating in this drive for more rubber.

Commenting on Colonial needs for imports, Mr. MacMillan said "Englishmen must do without shirts so that Africans may have cotton piecegoods. That is the only way to get additional production."

Paying a tribute to the fighting services Mr. MacMillan said East African regiments have been multiplied many times since the war began. Homeguards and Irregulars are being formed in many colonies starting where the need seems the greatest and danger the most menacing. Should the necessity arise he was confident they will develop the skill and resourcefulness of the Russians.

ON CRANBORNE'S PLAN

Mr. MacMillan announced that Lord Cranborne is planning unification of the Colonial Service in consultation with the Colonial Governments and later the Commons will be asked to provide generous financial assistance for this.

There was need, he declared, for a mobile force of administrative, medical, agriculture and financial experts for despatch to any part of the Empire where they are most needed as well as widespread research and long term capital investment which could not be profitable except over a long period of years, even generations.

He concluded, "The colonies are poor because they are four or five centuries behind the times. Our job is to hustle them across the great interval of time as rapidly as we can. We shall do it only in the way all big jobs are done, by decision vigour, imagination and ruthless and overriding zeal."

COLONIAL WARTIME TRADE

Dealing with Colonial wartime trade, Mr. MacMillan stated, the Ministries of Food and Supply and American organisations have worked out a joint programme for Colonial supplies to the United Kingdom, the Middle East and the United States.

Regarding shipping, he said Government are now formulating a shipping programme to ensure that only essential goods will be transported. This involved Government bulk purchase. The Eastern Group Conference following the Delhi meetings, is making every possible effort to increase resources for local manufacture in Ceylon, Palestine and East Africa while food production has been diverted to supplies suitable for garrisons. Even in the rocky Aden, vegetable, fruits and other crops are being cultivated. The Conference of Governors in East Africa and those in West Africa and the Anglo-American Caribbean Conference were all part of a coherent development policy aimed to secure maximum production.—Reuter.

Relief To Br. Prisoners In Far East

Supplies On Reciprocal Basis: Eden On Red Cross Committee Report

LONDON, June 24.

The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, announced that names of a small number of those captured in Hongkong, and interned civilians in Japan have recently been received in Geneva from the Japanese Government. He added, "As regards relief supplies, I regret the Japanese authorities have not yet given permission for neutral ships under the Red Cross to proceed to the Far East. They have, however, agreed on a reciprocal basis that relief supplies may be sent on board ships used for exchange of officials and non-officials between the United States and Japan, and the British Empire and Japan."

The International Red Cross Committee reports that with the consent of the Governments concerned, these ships will be accompanied by Swiss nationals to supervise the handling of the relief cargoes. The Japanese have also promised that lists of names of prisoners will be sent by these ships. It is reported that the first exchange ship has left an American port with supplies collected by Canadian and American Red Cross organisations for Allied prisoners and civilians in Japanese-controlled China, Hongkong and the Philippines.

As far as Anglo-Japanese exchange is concerned, negotiations are still proceeding and the possibility of sending further supplies by ships selected for that exchange will depend on the outcome of the negotiations. But the British Red Cross in co-operation with the Red Cross in the Dominions and India are collecting supplies including medicines for dispatch to a neutral port intended mainly for Malay. The International Committee also report that their delegate in Shanghai has taken over 50,000 sacks of cracked wheat rice and flour in Shanghai as well as 2,000 tons of similar supplies and a substantial quantity of medical supplies in Hongkong for local relief. These have been brought from the American Red Cross with funds voted by the British Red Cross."—Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST TAX ON TEMPLES

Jain Deputation Waits On Dewan Of Sirohi

L. Tansukh Rai Jain, President of the Abu Temples Tax Protest Committee, who led a deputation to Rao Bahadur Ichha Shanker Pandya, Diwan of Sirohi has issued the following statement:—

"I and my colleagues had a two hours' talk with the Diwan Sahib. In the course of conversation which lasted for two hours, the question of tax was considered in all its aspects. The authorities tried to justify this tax by quoting examples of various other places. In reply, we pointed out other places where no such taxes are imposed. The authorities are of opinion that they can levy these taxes, as they have to spend for religious performances and they keep this money as "Dharmada"; but no accounts were given in spite of our repeated requests. No details were given to us of the money which they are spending on Delwara Temples. We made inquiries at Delwara, and were surprised to learn that only a small quantity of Jau worth Rs. 30 is being given to this temple every year by the State Authorities, when the income is nearly Rs. 20,000 a year. We are collecting details which will be published as soon as they are available. Jains are spending about Rs. 15,000 yearly on these temples. On the plea of the poverty of the State, these taxes cannot be justified. The Diwan is very proud of the fact that the States Police is giving sufficient protection to the temples from the Bhils. But no one can feel proud of it as it is the primary duty of Government to protect its subjects and their religious places. If the State wants to realize these taxes for the protection of these places, then I wish to say in plain words that we do not want this kind of protection as a bargain for these taxes, and Jains are strong enough to protect these temples.

The Diwan has made it perfectly clear that no tax is levied on the subjects of Sirohi State, and they are exempted from it, according to a State notification of 1918. He has admitted that the tax of Rs. 9/5/6 charged from them is illegal. Now it is the duty of the people of Sirohi to guard their rights. The Managing Committee of Delwara Temples should see into the matter and should try to stop this illegal practice. I consider it a success to some extent. The Diwan has promised to consider over the matter and to convey his decision to us within a month. It is clear from his attitude that he will not easily concede to our demands, and we must keep ourselves ready for the next step."

Evacuees From Burma

Touching Tales About Indians Trekking The Arduous Road

NEW DELHI, June 24.

A boy of 15 who recently arrived in India from Burma shepherding six younger brothers and sisters of whom one was sick and had been carried in his arms most of the way, typifies the cold courage and endurance of the Indian evacuees who are still finding their way into India.

The boy's parents died on the way and thereupon he took charge of the children and successfully brought them to India.

The hazardous nature of the route followed by some of the refugees is illustrated by the story that for four days, one of the evacuees on the road went without food and for a fortnight picked his way through jungle without coming across any inhabited place.

Among those on their way to India are some 2,000 people who have crossed Burma's swollen rivers and are trekking onward, while another batch of over sixty Indians have just reached India by the difficult route referred to above.

Owing to bad weather and swollen rivers, the Government of India recently disbanded their evacuation camps on the Burma border expecting that no evacuees would venture out to India in present conditions, but arrangements are now being made for the reception of the latest batch of refugees.

It is estimated that over 2,000 Indians are still stranded in various places on the Burma side of the border and arrangements for airborne food supply for them are being made in spite of adverse weather.—A. P.

Employment For Evacuees

NEW DELHI, June 24.

It is learned that the question of securing employment for evacuees from Burma and other countries now under Japanese occupation is being tackled by the newly created War Resources Committee of the Governor-General's Executive Council.

Already Government is advancing money to evacuees which according to revised scheme, would be on the basis of the refugees pre-evacuation status, and would continue till such time as he is able to find employment. Government is also arranging to secure employment for them.

It is pointed out that with the War Resources Committee taking up this question there should be no need for the departmental conference which was originally planned to meet this week, the War Resources Committee itself being fully representative of all the key departments of the Government of India.—A. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

(1) Mr. Forde, Australia's War Minister says, "Don't under-estimate Tobruk's fall. It is a serious blow to the Allied cause.

(2) General Blamey, Australia's Commander-in-Chief says that recent events in Libya have nothing like the significance given to them.

* * *

According to Anglo-India, "there is nothing new" in Mahatma Gandhi's proposal regarding "the withdrawal of British authority."

Quite right. Both are quite old, one older than a hoary centenarian.

* * *

The Government of India are reported to be conducting a special inquiry into Gandhiji's articles in the 'Harijan'.

But why waste time and energy? A short joint conference between Sir Reginald Maxwell and Sir Maurice Hullet would solve all problems promptly and quite satisfactorily.

* * *

"Referring to Bengal, Sir Nazimuddin said that the League organisation had been set up on a sound footing....."

—Lahore Report

The fury having left to lead the other side?

* * *

According to a Calcutta report there is a shortage of salt in Bengal.

Is that because of a compensating abundance of verbal pepper.

* * *

In his statement on the Libyan situation, Mr. Attlee offered Britain's sympathy to General Smuts and his country for the loss of South African troops at Tobruk.

There were some humble Indians, too, in Tobruk, Mr. Deputy Prime Minister.

* * *

President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill had a long conference with Doctor Soong the other day.

Yes, let's be soberly hopeful, but with more soberiety than hope.

* * *

By July 1943, the U. S. A. will have an army of 4,500,000 trained and equipped soldiers.

The point is: how many are ready and available for the immediate jobs.

* * *

Argentine the only South American country friendly to Germany, has had another of her ship torpedoed by a German U-boat.

But the Argentine shouldn't really complain. After all it's nothing more than the usual price for the privilege of friendship with the Axis.

Only the other day, Spain had had the honour of losing three trawlers by the bombs of Junkers.

* * *

The stork is one of the mystics.
And inhabits a number of districts.
It doesn't yield plumes
Or sing any tunes,
But helps out with Vital Statistics.

Save Paper

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—All over the world paper has been salvaged and economised. In India it is mostly thrown away. Save your scraps of paper, rags of cloth. They can be made into paper again, or turned into munitions. This is the time to get a good price for them. Collect as far as possible toilet boxes, tins, old pots, pans, cigarette cases, match boxes, and card boards. Send them to nearest scrap collections depot; and you will be amazed to learn their manifold uses in the war. Whenever you receive letters don't tear the covers and throw the envelopes away. Just by turning them inside-out they can be used again. The other methods are that of using economy labels, as the Government Offices are doing to-day; and that of trimming them and converting them into scribbling pads. These slips will come in very handy during emergencies.

Whenever you type try to economise spacing and margining thereby saving the consumption of paper.

If you are a press-owner don't throw away paper trimmings. They are useful and valuable. And if you are a merchant try to give the articles of general consumption in envelopes rather than the cone-shaped packets, as the former holds almost double the quantity than the latter in the same piece of paper.

As the brown papers used for note-books (Wrapper) are costly re-use the same for other note-books, if necessary, by making use of double wrappers.

Whenever you use cocoanuts don't throw away either coir or the shell. Both are useful. Buttons are made from the shell and beds are made from the coir to supply war needs.

Use torn silk or woollen socks and stockings by donning the threads and dyeing

Take out borders of old silk or georgette sarees, attach them in another piece of the same stuff, hem it and use it for table cloths; if desired, you can embroider them. But when choosing the colours be careful. Say, for instance, hyacinth blue with hyacinth pine, or light yellow with soft green, or topaz with golden brown. Then these table cloths look alluring.

Coal may be displaced by the use of wood as fuel, which means storing of coal. Whatever coal you save means more power for factories for production of manufacturing munitions for our troops at the war front.

P. S.—The scarcity of paper is so much felt that a gentleman of this place uses newspapers for his theatres' posters.—Yours, etc.,

H. R. PARTHARAJA IYENGAR.

The Half-Column By "Dim."

In the advertisement about the Parents' Day display of technical training to be held at the St. Xaviers High School. I find the following (caps are mine):

"Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, HIMSELF A FAMOUS FATHER, has kindly consented to act as host on Parents' Day. DO NOT MISS HIS OPENING ADDRESS..."

No doubt, Sir Chimanlal is famous and his sons are equally well-known, but Gestapo Agent in charge of the Half-Column's Reference Library looked up the file on Sir Chimanlal and found that when he went to England to attend one of the Round Table Conferences, one of his sons issued a statement saying that far from representing the views of the nation, Sir Chimanlal did not even represent the views of his own family!

* * *

Now here is something I want you to read carefully. I have taken a piece of paper and written on it:

"To The Trustees,
The Mafatlal Gagalbhai Baths.
Bombay.

Sir

We, the undersigned, would request you to reconsider your present policy and in the interests of the unity of this country throw open your swimming pool to all Indians.

Yours faithfully.

I have put my name down and there is space for others. I shall keep this with me for one week. Would those wishing to append their names call in at the "Bombay Chronicle" office and do so or if they cannot, would they send me their names with permission to append it on their behalf? I need not say any more.

* * *

Exchange of correspondence between the Honourable Mr. R. H. Parker and D. F. Karaka.

R.H.P.: "..... will Mr. Karaka lunch with me any day next week bar two at any club bar two? Perhaps he will answer by telephone to avoid publicity."

D.F.K.: " ...I will lunch with Mr. Parker with great pleasure on any day (when I am free) at any club (at which I am admitted) in any week in which Mr. Parker has refrained from appearing in the columns of the local press."

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE QUIET

LONDON, June 23.

The Stock Exchange has been a quiet affair with operators awaiting further war news. Few changes have been recorded which were mostly fractional in character.

Gilt-edged early lost a sixteenth, and were maintained at these levels home-rails recorded mixed changes and Eastern Banks moved lower, Hong Kong being a point down at 57.00., oils were about a 32nd down on balance.

Foreign bonds also receded and industrials recorded some declines, but storeshares were on the higher side. Wall-street was irregular.—Reuter.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 24.

Steel shares showed a small improvement while textiles ruled steady. Tata Deferreds were better off at 1515 and Tata Ordinaries at 305. Bombay Dyeings kept steady at 1270 and Centuries at 458. Indian Irons were unchanged at 26-6.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—
Tata Deferreds (1495), 1495, 1490, 1515. Tata Ordinaries (299), 299, 298, 305 Tata Ordinary 305; Tata Deferred 1515; Indian Iron 26-6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 16-6; Bombay Dyeing 1270; Central India 375-10; Century 468-12; Gokak 260; Kohinoor 494-6; Simplex 219; Andhra Valley 1510; Tata Hydro 168-2; Tata Power 1490; Associated Cement 169, Belapur 232-8; Bombay Burma (old) 226-4.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, June 24.

Groundnuts August—			
Opening	61	2	0
Highest	61	3	0
Lowest	60	5	0
Closing	60	8	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	58	4	0
Highest	58	8	+0
Lowest	57	8	0
Closing	57	12	0
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	30	6	0
Highest	30	8	6
Lowest	30	1	0
Closing	30	5	0
Linseed September—			
Closing	8	2	3

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay, June 24.

Pepper Ready	210	0	0
Pepper Ashad 15	210	0	0
Ginger ready	97	0	0

TRADE BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

July Liquidation

BOMBAY, June 24.

On Tuesday the New York cotton market was quietly steady with a moderate business and prices failed to show any marked change.

After trade price fixing and New Orleans buying and revival of outside interest on unfavourable war news and expectations of ever-increasing Government's Textile demand, prices reacted on increased hedge pressure and realising with July liquidation and switching a feature. After the recent rise buying was restricted as still there exists disposition to await farm Bill developments.

The New York Cotton market opened at a rise of 4 points with July 18.36. There was increased buying and July advanced to 18.46 which was the highest level. Later on there was moderate selling pressure and July declined to 18.30 which was the lowest level. The market finally closed at a net rise of 3 points to unchanged. Spot cotton prices improved one point at 19.97c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was also quietly steady and closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of one point. Spot Cotton prices were unchanged at 18.86c. per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Pedar & Co. state:—

On Tuesday, cotton opened strong and after easing a bit, prices sharply rose on active speculative buying. Nevertheless, higher level brought in again heavy prominent bulls liquidation with a setback at the close. Ready market maintained a normal demand with firmer basis due to some selective investment demand in Broach styles. Seeds witnessed new high prices on refreshed speculative support despite heavy upcountry realising and no fresh export business. Buoyancy in silver was undismayed, though heavy realising suppressed the fervour. Notwithstanding critical stage of war situation in Sebastopol and Libya, share prices were sustained in sympathy with outside markets.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

N. Y. July highest 18.46+14 (10.35 a.m.).

N. Y. July lowest 18.30—02 (1.39 p.m.).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Some trade buying absorbed by July liquidation and hedge selling. Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 23.

July	18.34+02
October	18.68—
December	18.82—
January	18.90+02
March	19.00—
May	19.12+03
Middling Spot	19.97+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

July	18.28—01
October	18.87+01
December	19.02+02
January	19.07+02
March	19.19+02
May	19.27+01
Middling Spot	18.86—

NOON CALL.

July	18.41
October	18.76
December	18.90

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, June 24.

Following a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 195/8 for Broach J/A. delivery and declined to Rs. 194/8 on scattered liquidation. At this level there was increased support and prices hardened to Rs. 196. It is understood the Board of the E.I.C.A. has replied that tenders cannot be delayed but attempts will be made to commence trading in new crop months as early as possible. It is believed that by about the middle of the next month we will have free trading in New crop months. In the meantime those who want to assume long position and avoid tenders will have to use Mahajan Association. Later on there was active buying on reports but the Government has placed large orders for cotton textiles and prices advanced to Rs. 201. There was active covering. Prices reacted to Rs. 199 but again rose to Rs. 202 on persistent buying. Towards the close prices reacted on profit-taking and closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

BROACH July/August	Rs.	200 0 0
OOMRA July		173 4 0
BENGAL July		167 4 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach J./A. below New York July 1.079 cent points at Exchange Rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 23.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing at 4-30 p.m.
Broach J./A.	203-1/2	197	198
Oomra July	172-1/2	169-1/2	171-1/4
Bengal July	167	164	167

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, June 24.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh	93	80,204	99,499
Central India	.....	30,065	141,251
Barsi and Nagar	.....	55,110	117,110
Hyderabad/Gaorani	522	16,421	46,412
Berar	....	177,756	367,675
Central Provinces	.....	87,565	76,395
Total Oomras	615	447,111	848,353
Dholeras	.....	33,233	94,266
N.-W. Provinces	.....	1,425	1,320
Rajputana	.....	402	6,154
Sind-Punjab	199	409,926	532,020
Broach	110	319,305	296,418
Coompta & Dharwar	463	22,982	112,851
Westerns-Northerns	1,170	26,455	90,594
Cocoanada	.....	.....	239
Tinnevlly & Cambodia	.....	15,333	6,054
Arr. by road to 18th June 42	.....	92,500	312,133

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 24.

	Extra Spr.	fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U.P.	...	170	167	164	161	
M G Punjab	...	170	167	164	161	
M G Rajputana	...	176	173	170	167	
M G Oomra No. 3	176	173	170	167	...	
M G C. P. No. 1	200	197	194	191	...	
M G C. P. No. 2	188	185	182	179	...	
M G Broach No. 2	...	202	199	196	193	
M G Punj-Ameri	...	282	279	276	273	
M G Surat	...	382	379	376	373	
M G Rajpula	...	377	74	371	368	
M G Navsari	...	387	384	381	378	

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Quietly Steady

Bombay, June 24.

The local Share Bazar was quietly steady with a restricted business. War news are mainly responsible for the small business and operators are not inclined to increase risks. Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened today at Rs 1500 and after declining to Rs. 1440 advanced to Rs. 1515 and sagged to Rs. 1505. Ordinary shares after improving to Rs. 305 steadied at Rs. 303. Bombay Dyeing shares after advancing to Rs. 1270 declined to Rs. 1265 and steadied at Rs. 1267.

Wall Street was bolstered by selective bidding partly on the theory that recent war reverses had been pretty well discounted and revival of tax hopes. Dealings were sluggish and scattered recoveries of more than one point at midday were reduced latterly with an assortment of declines U.S. Steel shares closed 1/8 up 45 3/8 Anaconda Coppers were unchanged at 24 1/4 and General Motors declined 1/8 at 36 1/4 dollars.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, June 24

Apollo 5/4; Ahmedabad Advance 357/8; Bombay Dyeing 1265; Central India 372; Century 467; Colaba Land 184; E. D. United 2/15; Finlay 214; Gokak 263; Indian Bleaching 171; Indore Malwa 342/8; Kohinoor 491; Lakshmi 765/12; Morarji 600; Mysore 137/3; New Great 273; Phoenix 409; Podar 222/8; Sassoon Silk 91/12; Shahapur 6450; Simplex 219/8; Swadeshi 465; Swan 198; Tata Mill 34; Vishnu 1587/8; New City 260.

ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley 1620; Ahmedabad Electric 182/8; Ajmere Electric 13/11; Bombay Suburban (old) 173/12; Bombay Tramways 132; Karachi Electric 187/8; Poona Electric 215; Surat Electric 193/12; Tata Hydro 168/8; Tata Power 1495;

MISCELLANEOUS.

Asso. Cement 168/8; Belapur Sugar 233; Bombay Burma 225/4; Bombay Burma New 70; Bombay Steam 349; Shivrajpur 36/12; Tata Steel Def. 1515; Tata Steel Ord. 305; Prem. Construction 119 Br. B. Petrol 1/5/3; Ind. Radio Def. 330; Ind. Radia Ordy. 350; Scindia Steam 20/6; Tata Chemical 16/12; Tata Oil 53; Western India Match 218/12; Burma Corporation 2; Indian Iron 25/8; Indian Copper 2; Steel Corp. Bengal 16/8.

BANKS.

Baroda 113; Central 46/12; Imperial F.P. 1536/4; Imperial P.P. 375; India 141; Reserve 102; Union 6/3;

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prant. 902/8; Central Prov. 112; Gujrat 103/8; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon 110; Sara Sirajgunge 98/8; Sialkot Narowal 115.

INSURANCE.

Empire 700; Jupiter 15; New India 49/2; Oriental Life 4050; Vulcan Insurance 9/14.

DEBENTURES.

4 per cent Tata Chem. 1952 119; 4 per cent Andhra 1952 104/14; 4 per cent Bom. Telephone 48/4; 4 per cent Tata Power 1951/55 104/14

PREFERENCE.

5 per cent Ahm. Advance 125; 7 per cent Andhra 1950; 7 per cent Bom. Tram 77/12; 6 per cent Bom. Steam 327/8; 5 per cent Central India 682/8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 204/10; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 133; 7 per cent Tata Power 1597/8; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const 1st 122; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const. 2nd 118; 5 per cent Swadeshi 138; 5 per cent T. Chem. 119

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 19th day of June, 1942.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Dept.	10,92,22,000
Notes in circulation	4,39,00,27,000
Total Notes issued	4,49,92,49,000
Total Liabilities	4,49,92,49,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 66.959 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
Sterling Securities	256,85,11,000
Total of A	3,01,26,54,000
B. Rupee Coin	26,37,30,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	1,22,28,65,000
Total Assets	4,49,92,49,000

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 19th June, 1942.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt. of India	4,90,44,000
(2) Government of Burma	40,54,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	6,12,91,000
(b) Banks	61,12,80,000
(c) Others	1,84,29,000
Bills Payable	2,36,65,000
Other Liabilities	6,89,92,000
Rupees	93,67,56,000

ASSETS.	Rs.
Notes	10,92,22,000
Rupee Coin	6,69,000
Subsidiary Coin	5,04,000
Bills Purchased & Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	19,23,000
Balances held abroad*	62,82,91,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	5,30,00,000
Other Loans & Advances	40,000
Investments	8,70,46,000
Other Assets	5,60,61,000
Rupees	93,67,56,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 24.

	Old.	Ready
Bengal	.....	166/69
Berar	150-55	172/75
C. P. 1	160-65	191/95
C. P. 2	155-58	179/84
Khandesh	130-40	...
Muglai	145-50	...
Broach	145-50	201/9
Broach Low	135-40	...

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 24.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s June 218; August 219
Yarn No. 10 1/2s June 264; August 255
Yarn No. 20 1/2s June 380; August 395
Yarn No. 40s June 545; August 550
Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s, 40s, are nominal.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 23.

T. T. London on:—	
New Yrok sellers	4.02-1/2
buyers	4.03-1/2
Madrid Official	40.5
Voluntary rate	46.55
Montreal sellers	4.43
buyers	4.47
Zurich sellers	17.3
buyers	17.4
Stockholm sellers	16.85
buyers	16.95

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, June 24.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 9/32 Two Months.
Banks buying 90 Days/St 1/6 5/16 Three Months.
Banks Buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 5/16 Four Months.
B. C. Rates T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 5/32
LONDON/NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs 329 1/2
Cross Rates dol 4.02 1/2—3 1/2
LONDON/MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 297 3/4 D D 294 3/4
Cross Rates dol 4.43/47
LONDON/BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4 D D Fcs nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2 D D Fcs nil
Cross Rates Fcs 17.35/40
LONDON/STOCKHOLM
Banks selling T T K 123 D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128 D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
MEXICO/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27 D D Rs 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04 D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes 19.5 21.5
LISBON/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55 D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
AUSTRALIA/LONDON:—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8 D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil D D 1/11 3/8
NEW YORK/LONDON:—
Cross Rates dol 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call not quoting
2 to 6 months 1/4 per cent
6 to 11 months 1/2 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

After Early Rise Yarn Market Turns Quiet

Bombay, June 24.

In the earlier part of the week the yarn market remained very firm and active and turnover was very satisactory but in the latter part of the week on account of unfavourable reports regarding the War developments in Libya, the market became rather nervous and prices showed some decline in all kinds of yarns whereas at the close the undertone has remained very uncertain. In case of Indian yarns, due to scarcity of ready goods and also due to improved demand from various consuming districts prices improved to the extent of about half an anna per lb. in the beginning of the week and it was felt as though the prices would advance yet further; in the latter part of the week prices reacted on unfavourable War developments and at the close buyers withdrew and there was more pressure of sales as a result of which prices declined to some extent and buyers were difficult to find. In case of foreign yarns prices have remained very steady and although some decline was in evidence at the close of the week the undertone has remained rather steady, probably due to limited stocks and absence of sellers. Enquiries from Calcutta have now fallen off to some extent especially in medium counts whereas in fine counts such as 40s, 60s and others, some further business has been arranged during the week. In case of C.P., U.P., Delhi and other markets prices have remained steady but owing to the present level of high prices offtake has considerably declined. As regards Ahmedabad, mills are reported to have made further sales to the extent of about 2,000 bales during the week especially in medium and fine counts at prices which are considered satisfactory from the point of view of sellers. Southern India markets are reported to have been still firm. Coimbatore mills have sold further quantities in fine counts at slightly better rates than before. On the whole the turnover in yarns has continued to remain very satisfactory and although most of the purchases are now of a speculative nature, buyers have been showing a firm attitude in the hope of realising a still better price in the next few days. As regards Export markets, it is reported that enquiries from Syria, Palestine, Egypt and other markets have considerably fallen off probably due to unfavourable War developments on that side. Local mills are reported to have sold further quantities of yarns especially in coarse and medium counts at fairly satisfactory rates. The future course of the market remains uncertain.

JAPANESE YARNS.

Prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns have continued to remain very firm throughout the whole week and even at the close the tendency continued to remain hopeful. In case of Mercerised yarns, prices have shown improvement during the week to the extent of about one anna per lb in Grey and about three annas per lb. in Bleached Mercerised cotton yarns with a steady undertone at the close. At higher prices demand continues to remain restricted. The future course of the market is distinctly hopeful.

ART SILK YARNS.

Owing to more limited stocks and improved enquiries from consuming centres, prices have shown further improvement to the extent of about two annas per lb both in Art Silk yarns as well as in Staple Fibre yarns, with a steady undertone at the close. Stocks are declining and in the absence of fresh imports prices are bound to improve in the next few days.

INDIAN YARNS.

The turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange, Limited has considerably improved owing to increased enquiries from several consuming districts and prices have advanced to the extent of about Rs. 10 per bale during the week although at the close some reaction has been in evidence. Some of the local dealers have now returned to Bombay and as a result speculative turnover has been showing rapid development on the Exchange. Cloth market has also reported further improvement during the week and so is the case with cotton market. The future course of the market continues to remain yet uncertain.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 23.

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c.	£ 64
Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. 1931 or later	£100-13/16
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	£ 82-3/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	£107-3/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c.	£105
Funding Loan 4 p.c., 1960/90	£115
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	114-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£ 7
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£57
National Bank of India	£ 28-1/4

Monsoon has now definitely set in the Central Provinces and Berar. Good showers were received in many districts and the dreaded water scarcity might be averted if more showers are received.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

JULY

New York, June 24

Previous closing	18.34
To-day's opening	18.31
Difference	—03

To-day's closing see Stop Press.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 24

Following are the New York opening ranges:

July (18.36/36) 18.31/31
October (18.74/73) 18.67/67
December (18.88/87) 18.81/81

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, June 24

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay June/July (£24 sellers) £24 sellers
Linseed Calcutta June/July unquoted
Linseed La Plata June/July (£19 1/8 quoted) £19 1/8 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal June/July (East Coast India shipment not quoted) West Coast India shipment (£24 sellers) £24 sellers.

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 24

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, June 24

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD

London, June 24

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, June 24

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London, June 24

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 24

London Stock Exchange remained dull to-day.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, June 24

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 13/16

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1958-68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £32 1/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 3/8
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
4 per cent Funding Loan £115
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105
3 per cent War Loan £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 17-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 33-10 1/2
Electric Music Industry 15-2
Princhin Johnson 23-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical 31-6
Woolsworth Ordinary 32-10 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £79 1/2
Dunlee 27-0
Unilever Ordinary 26-9
Ford Motors 24-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £60
British American Tobacco Ordy £3 7/8
Carreas 'A' £5 11/32
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £7 15/16
P and O Defd 27-1 1/2
Distillers 75-0
Bredfords Dyes 7-10 1/2
British Celanese 9-3
J and P Coates 36-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 33-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 8-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-0
Inter Nickel dol 38 1/4
Indian Iron 40-0

TEA SHARES

Assam 13-9
Donaro Tea 25-0
Empire of India 16-3

JUTE

Barnagore £5

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 8-3
Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2
Rubber Plant 14-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-6
Burma Corporation 3-6
Rio Tintos £7 3/4
East Rand Properties £1 29/32
Rand Mines £6 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown £8 1/2
Associated Portland Cement 48-1 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold 67-6
Sub-Nigel £6 1/8
Spring Mines Split Share £1
Union Corporation 135-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-10 1/2
Anglo-India 41-3
Burma Oil £1 11/16
Mexican Eagle 10-1 1/2
Shell Transport £2 3/16
Royal Dutch £18

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £44 3/4
London Midland Ordinary £19 1/4
London North Eastern Defd £2
London Southern Defd £16
London Transport 5 per cent £126
London Transport 'C' £40 3/4

New York Stock Exchange

New York, June 24

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors (dol 35 3/4) dol 36 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 24 1/2) dol 24 1/2
United States Steel Common (dol 45 3/8) unquoted
United States Steel Preference (dol 107 7/8) unquoted

PESHAWAR:—The introduction of tyre rationing in the North-west Frontier Province is announced in a communique issued by the Provincial Rationing Authority.—A. P.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, June 24.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8-8-0 Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/4 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. There was small trade demand which was satisfied by official sources. New York spot silver rate was unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London-Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3. The local market was closed to-day being "Bhim Ekadashi".

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 23.

Spot	23-1/2
Forward	23-1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 23.

London Gold, fine per oz. £8-8-0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, June 24

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs	121	0 0
Copper Sheets		141	0 0
Tone:—Firm.			

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, June 24.

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 97/4
3 1/2 per cent G P Note 91/2
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 98/12
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 99/10
3 per cent 1963-65 91/9
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 106/9
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 101/13
3 per cent War Bonds 101/13
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 102/3
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 110/10
Rs. 62-10-3. The local market was closed to-day being "Bhim Ekadashi".

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 108/4
4 per cent 1960-63 Mysore 113
6 per cent 1955 Mysore '22

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 103/8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 104
6 per cent M Deb 1959 112
5 per cent M Deb 1954 123
5 per cent K P T 1956 122/8
Tone:—Quiet

LONDON SEEDS.

London, June 23.

Robario Santa Fe, June-Jul. quoted	24/9
Barletta Russo, June-Jul. quoted	24/9
South Australian wheat, June-Jul. quoted	28/-

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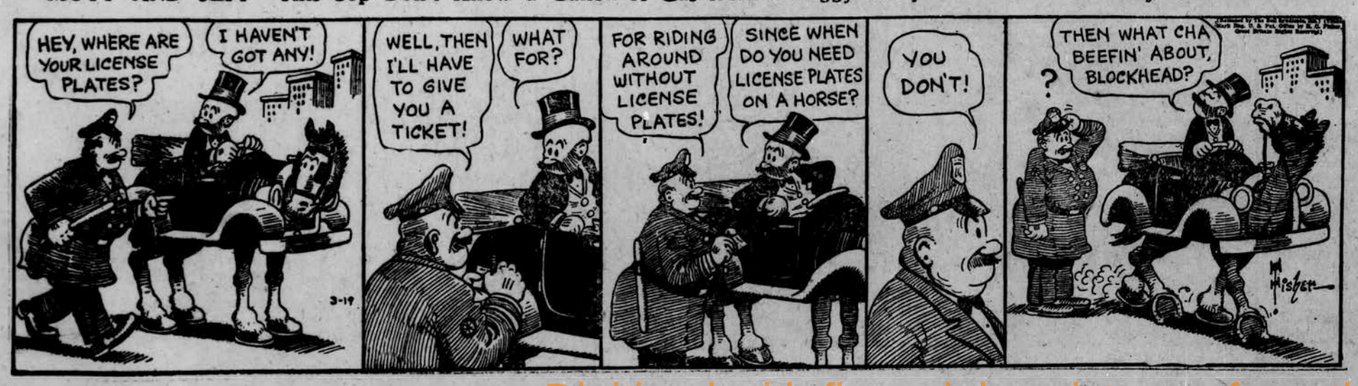
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I HAVEN'T GOT ANY!
WELL, THEN I'LL HAVE TO GIVE YOU A TICKET!
WHAT FOR?
FOR RIDING AROUND WITHOUT LICENSE PLATES!
SINCE WHEN DO YOU NEED LICENSE PLATES ON A HORSE?
YOU DON'T!
THEN WHAT CHA BEEFIN' ABOUT, BLOCKHEAD?
3-19

3309

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

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251 Allied Ships Sunk Since Pearl Harbour

13 Merchantmen Sunk By Enemy Submarines In Caribbean In 11 Days

WASHINGTON, June 24.

Thirteen more United Nations merchantmen were victims of enemy submarine action in the Caribbean area during the period from June 3 to June 14 inclusive, according to an United States Navy Department announcement.

This brings the total to 251 United Nations ships sunk, damaged or attacked according to Navy Department announcements since Pearl Harbour.

Survivors from nine of the 13 ships which the United States Navy Department announced to have been sunk in the Caribbean, revealed the partial total of 23 dead, 186 missing and 354 rescued.

The survivors of these ships which included five United States five British and one each Honduran, Norwegian and Dutch ships were picked up and taken to Caribbean Ports.

Some of the above listed vessels were shelled besides being torpedoed and the total includes two ships whose loss was already announced by sources outside the United States.

U. S. NAVAL FORCE CASUALTIES

Casualties to United States naval forces reported from May 11 to June 6 were 93 dead eight wounded and 290 missing, a total of 2,207, the United States Navy Department announces.

The large missing list results from the capitulation in the Manila Bay area where many navy men were serving and the numbers of those posted as missing may be prisoners of war.—Reuter.

KAZAKS' CAUSE UNITES THEM ALL

Congress, League And Khaksar Leaders On One Platform

PESHAWAR, June 24.

For the first time in Peshawar, Congress, Muslim League, Khaksar and Ahrar leaders were seen addressing the public from the same platform, when a meeting was held under the auspices of the Peshawar Kazaks Aid Committee. The speakers included Sardar Aurangzeb Khan, M.L.A., Opposition leader in the Frontier Assembly (Muslim League), Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, M.L.A., (Central—Congress), Hakim Abdul Nadvi (Congress) and Dr. Mohd. Kazmi and Mian Bashir Ahmed (Khaksars).

In his speech Sardar Aurangzeb Khan gave his personal impression of a recent visit to the Kazaks' Camp. Although the Government were doing a lot for the Muzairin yet their condition was most pitiable.

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum criticised the Government for not making satisfactory arrangements for these refugees from Central Asia. He also referred to the alleged discrimination between Indian and European evacuees from Burma.—A.P.

Sikhs Protest Against Ban On Kirpans

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, June 24.

It is understood from responsible Sikh quarters here that Ahmedabad Sikhs are seriously considering question of ban on Kirpans (except miniature) imposed by the District Magistrate. It is learnt that they asked for advise from the Head Office, Gurudvar Committee, and action will be taken according to its advise.

CHAOTIC POSITION OF WAGES IN MILL INDUSTRY

N. M. JOSHI EXPOSES DEFECTS AND CALLS FOR GOVERNMENT ENQUIRY

Mr. N. M. Joshi has issued the following statement on the increase of the scale of dearness allowance to textile workers announced by the Millowners' Association.

The scheme for dearness allowance announced by the Bombay Millowners' Association continues the defect of compensating only partially and not fully for the increase in the cost of living.

When the cost of living index has gone up over 140 the effect of this inadequate rate of compensation in actual rupees, annas and pies is very large. Moreover at present in a large number of mills, on account of the production having been shifted to coarser counts, the poorer quality of material supplied and the abnormal delay caused in the supply of beams and other material, the actual wages earned are very much below the normal monthly earnings and there is great discontent among the workers.

An immediate enquiry into these difficulties and remedy is necessary. The Divatia committee has recommended the adoption of a scheme for standardisation of wages and at one time it seemed that the Government was ready to take it up for being put in effect. But due to the opposition of the millowners, Government has given up the attempt to bring order into the present chaotic position of the wages in the industry in Bombay.

Moreover the Divatia Committee has found that the present basic rates of wages in the Bombay industry are much below the proper standard and as the industry has been steadily and continuously going through a period of prosperity the workers naturally expect a share in that prosperity.

After enjoying prosperity for themselves for more than two years, the millowners distributed a bonus last February instead of increasing the basic rates of wages which was the right thing to do.

The Government must take up these questions for proper and immediate solution not only as a measure of justice to the workers but as a measure which will also lead to efficient production and support for the war effort by keeping the workers contended.

Lastly the policy of not taking the workers into consultation, which the Bombay millowners are following, is a wrong one; nor is the policy which the Government is following, in keeping in continued detention in jails a large number of the leaders of the labour movement, either justified or sound.

The prevention of panic among the workers, keeping them steady on their jobs and inducing them put forth their best effort for production, can only be secured not by ignoring but by seeking the willing co-operation of the workers and their organisations; not by openly showing distrust towards the leaders of the movement but by establishing mutual trust and confidence.

"PARENTS' DAY" AT TECHNICAL TRAINING EXHIBITION

Attendance at the Technical Training Display at St. Xavier's High School, Bombay, has averaged 8000 per day since the exhibition was opened by M. R. A. Baig, the Sheriff. There could be no more striking demonstration of the interest Bombay's young men are taking in the possibilities of a technical career, with free training obtained through the technical branches of the Services. The technical craftsmanship taught to these young Army, Navy and Air Force trainees for immediate war purposes will stand India in good stead, for an unlimited number of trained technicians will have places waiting for them in post-war industry. So that this point may be brought conspicuously to the notice of parents whose sons have now finished their education and for whom the choice of a career is a burning question, and so that mothers and fathers may themselves have an opportunity of assessing the advantages which a technical career would offer their sons in this rapidly changing world, Thursday, 25th June, at the Exhibition is being dedicated specially to parents.

Mothers may be alarmed by the menacing aspect of the exhibits which include modern tanks, armoured cars and anti-aircraft guns belonging to the Indian Army; a huge torpedo a high-angle 12-pounder gun, signalling lamps and complicated radio apparatus belonging to the Royal Indian Navy; and a training 'plane aero engines, bombs and machine tools belonging to the Indian Air Force. But fathers will know that it is during wars that technical progress takes enormous forward steps, and that young men who learn craftsmanship and engineering in connection with the needs of war will enjoy the best technical training obtainable in India. Fathers will also make a note that in the technical branches of the Services no cash outlay is demanded from the trainee, who on the contrary draws pay from the start—a very different story from that of apprenticeship in civilian trades.

'AXIS SYMPATHY FOR INDIA NOT WANTED'

Frontier Leader's Assurance To People

PESHAWAR, June 24.

A reference to the recent arrests of Khudai Khidmatgar volunteers in the Province, was made by Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan speaking at a public meeting held here. He said:—

"Our work is social. Our workers go to the villages and teh them to beware of the coming danger. We advise our people to stock some grain and other essentials of life which in the event of trouble will relieve the troubles to a great extent. Our meetings in towns and villages mean nothing but to create a spirit of brotherhood among Pathans and ask them to learn the ways and means how best to help each other if we are ever faced with calamities like our bretnren in Burma and other invaded countries."

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan added:—"Whatever may be the hindrances, our social work in the villages will continue with the same vigour."

"General Tojo's recent broadcast from Tokyo that the Japanese will not attack India is ridiculous, and his sympathies for our freedom are not wanted. The Indians in the last century have well learnt the ways of imperialist powers, be they Europeans or Asiatics, and when the time comes we shall attain liberty without the help of General Tojo."

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan assured the audience that if either the Japanese or Germans ever dared to enter India, they would learn the lesson of their life.

Earlier Abdul Qayyum Khan, M.L.A. (Central), Arbab Ameer Mohomed Khan, ex-Parliamentary Secretary, and others addressed the meeting.—United Press.

1,000 JAPS KILLED IN 4-DAY REVOLT IN KOREA

WASHINGTON, June 24.

Over a thousand Japanese were killed and extensive damage was done to Japanese military installations in the revolt in Northern Korea, according to an unconfirmed report received by the Secretary of the Chinese-Korean Peoples League.

The revolt is said to have broken out on February 2 and lasted four days at Heiyo. The police headquarters, two hangars, 22 planes and 68 houses of Japanese residents were destroyed by fire.—Reuter.

Production Increased By 400 P.C.

Indian Ordnance Factory's Mighty War Effort

NEW DELHI, June 24.

The report of work accomplished in one war-time ordnance factory "somewhere in India" for last year is an index of the great output in these factories which are to-day supplying the sinews of war for India's growing army.

Compared with the previous year (1940-41), says the report, growth has been 400 per cent in terms of labour employed and 40 separate orders involving some 10,00,000 units were completed during the year and 46 further orders were on the books before the close of the official year.

The report also refers to the ingenuity shown by technicians engaged in this factory and in regard to one vital plant which was unprocurable except from abroad, an original design was developed and the plant manufactured from material and equipment found within the workshop.

This factory is now planning to undertake new projects in the near future.—A. P

Australian Fifth Columnists Convicted

PERTH (Western Australia), June 24.

Two of the founders of the "Australia First" movement whose object, it was alleged, was sabotage to aid the Japanese have been convicted of conspiring to aid the enemy.

They were Frederick Bullock and Charles Leonard Williams who have been remanded for sentence.

Nancy Rachel Krakouer and Edward Cunningham Quicke similarly charged were acquitted but remanded to their former place of detention.—Reuter.

WARTIME LEASE IN NEW ZEALAND

Parliament's Life Extended: War Administration Being Set Up

WELLINGTON, June 24.

A war administration is being formed in New Zealand consisting of seven Labourite Ministers and six of the Opposition. The life of the Parliament is being extended for the duration of war and not over twelve months therafter. This was announced after the meetings of the caucuses to-day. The members of the domestic Cabinet, outside the War Cabinet, will retain their positions.—Reuter.

INCREASED EMPLOYMENT TO RURAL ARTISANS

A. I. V. I. A. Forges Ahead: Representatives For Maharashtra, Karnatak And Bombay Appointed

At a meeting of the All-India Village Industries Association, which was held early this year, certain changes were effected in its constitution and system of working. One of these changes related to the creation of the appointment of Samchalaks or organizers for different provinces, with the object of extending coordinating and localizing the work of the A.I.V.I.A. The Association has been fortunate in securing the services of Syt. Gangadharrao Deshpande as Samchalak for the Karnatak and of Syt. B. G. Kher in a similar capacity for Maharashtra. Work in Bombay will be looked after by the three members of the Board of Management who are resident in the City and Suburbs—Smt. Goshiben Captain, Syt. Shoorji Vallabhdas and Syt. Valkunth L. Mehta. With these as members, the two Samchalaks, Syt. Purushottam Kanji, Syt. A. W. Sahasrabudhe and Syt. K. A. Venkataramaiya as representatives of the All-India Spinners' Association in Bombay, Maharashtra and the Karnatak, Syt. Shankarrao Deo, Syt Balubhai Mehta and Syt. Shantikumar N. Morarji, there has been constituted a committee to assist in and coordinate the work of the A.I.V.I.A. in the whole of the Province of Bombay, with the exception of Gujarat.

WORK DECENTRALISED

The main work before this Committee is to organize activities, in each of the sub-provinces, centred in an institution having its habitat in rural surroundings. At this centre, industries suited to the conditions of the locality are to be taken in hand for purposes of experiment, production and teaching. As work develops it is intended to provide facilities for training in the various industries; and, side by side, the Committee will undertake the publication in Marathi and Kanarese of literature explaining the ideals and the programme of the A. I. V. I. A. and of the movement of non-profit-making decentralized production for which it stands. It will be part of the objects of the Committee to encourage the opening of shops for the sale of the products of village industries and of centres for the production of such goods.

PHENOMENAL PROGRESS

During the last eight years since the A. I. V. I. A. was founded, there has been a fair response to the educative propaganda carried on by it and a number of cottage industries conducted in rural areas, particularly such as tanning, leather manufacture, paper-making, soap-making, bee-keeping have received considerable stimulus. The use of hand-processed foodstuffs such as hand-pounded rice, hand-ground flour, ghani-pressed oil, gul has also increased as a result of that propaganda the latter development has given encouragement to rural subsidiary industries and has, besides, been advantageous from the point of better nutrition. Increased employment has been secured for artisans and cottage workers, as a result of these efforts.

NATIONAL ECONOMY IMPROVED.

In these times when trade and transport are disorganized, it is unnecessary to stress the need for utilizing to the best advantage local raw materials for being turned into finished articles with local labour. Activities like those of the Association stimulate the demand for employment in rural areas and enable the country's economic life to be carried on smoothly even during times of stress and strain, when commerce and industries that are concentrated in towns and cities are usually thrown out of gear. Important as village industries are as an integral part of national economy, their value is enhanced in these days when the nation has to think in terms of self-protection and self-sufficiency.

CONSTRUCTIVE EFFORTS NEEDED.

It is in the cause of this reorganization of rural economic life that the Committee appeals for the active sympathy and support of those who have a living faith in the constructive programme of the Congress as also those who, though not belonging to the Congress, wish to help in all constructive effort for the social and economic regeneration of the countryside. Such friends can help in two ways—by enrolling themselves as members of the Association, taking up energetically the item on the programme which appeals to them most and by contributing funds for the work of the provincial organization. It is desirable that the organization should be financed and run by the people of the province, and the success of its efforts in the region it serves will be measured by the extent to which the people of the region take upon themselves the responsibility for management and finance.

ACUTE SHORTAGE OF KEROSENE AND PETROL IN AHMEDABAD

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, June 24.

Ahmedabad is suffering from shortage of kerosene and petrol owing to which the people are put to greater hardships. The number of bus services has been curtailed owing to lack of petrol while a rush was made by the people in kerosene bazar. A Government Officer was forced to come on the spot for distributing kerosene.

Millowners' Association has been empowered to open cheap sugar shops. In the whole city 5,000 bags of sugar were ordered for this purpose.

Unofficial news received here states that a gang of mounted dacoits of Bhikhala has at last been captured in Gyaspur village, Baroda State. No confirmation is available. The reported gang, attempted dacoity, but failed owing to villager's resistance.

Figures of dearness in food stuffs and other things reached upto 75 per cent increase, in comparison to figures of 1939 at the outbreak of the war.

CENTRAL LEGISLATURE.

NEW DELHI, June 24.

The Central Assembly is meeting on 26th October and the Council of State a fortnight later.—A.P.

Govt. Holidays Curtailed As War Emergency

PATNA, June 24.

A few Govt. holidays, announced for 1942, have been curtailed by the Government of Bihar as a measure of war emergency, according to a press note.

This has been done at the instance of the Government of India and "in modifying the list great care has been taken to see that the interests of all communities concerned are equally safeguarded," says the note.—A.P.

Museum To Be Used As Hospital

KARACHI, June 24.

Victoria Museum buildings taken over by the Defence Department from Municipal Corporation will be used as emergency hospital.—A.P.

CEYLONESE GLOBE-TROTTER IN LUCKNOW

LUCKNOW, June 24

Mr. J. F. Samarnayake, a globe totter, arrived in Lucknow. He describes himself as the President of the Pro-God League in Ceylon an organisation which emphasises the oneness of all religions and the universal brotherhood of man.

Mr. Samarnayake proposes to deliver a series of lectures in Lucknow.—A.P.

EDITOR OF "DAILY POST" PASSES AWAY

BANGALORE, June 24.

Death occurred in early hours of this morning of Mr. T. M. Babington, Editor of the "Daily Post", Bangalore, at the age of 80.

Mr. Babington who served in the last war was for sometime connected with the "Madras Mail" also.—A.P.

GLOUCESTER IN CEYLON

COLOMBO, June 24.

A large gathering of men, women and children greeted H.R.H the Duke of Gloucester with 'V' sign when he arrived in historic galle this morning continuing his tour. People who obviously had an inkling that the Duke was due to arrive lined the route to watch the Duke's arrival.—A.P.

Acute Shortage Of Salt In Bengal

Stocks In Calcutta Not Sufficient For Month

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The Committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, have addressed a telegram to the Railway Board, inviting their attention to the situation that has arisen in Bengal and the neighbouring provinces as a result of shortage of salt.

The Committee refer to the previous communication addressed by them to the Railway Board on the subject and state that the situation has since then considerably worsened and the stocks in Calcutta are now less than 10 lakh maunds, which are not even sufficient for one months' requirements of these provinces. The Committee understand that 40 wagons have been recently allotted for despatch of salt to the Province of Bihar, but none has been allotted to Bengal so far. On the other hand, the Committee point out imports by sea into Bengal have now practically stopped.

Increased Supply Of Salt For Bengal?

CALCUTTA, June 24

It is understood that the Government of India, on the representation of the Government of Bengal, are making arrangements for increasing the supply of salt to this province.

This step would undoubtedly improve the situation that has arisen in the province owing to the shortage of salt.—A.P.

Messrs. R. V. Pant and V. D. Brahme, represeatatives of the Kisan Sabha and the Mazdoor Union of Amraoti District Price Control Board have issued a statement regarding ineffective control and insisting on the reorganisation of the Board have issued a statement regarding ineffective control and insisting on the reorganisation of the Board on democratic basis

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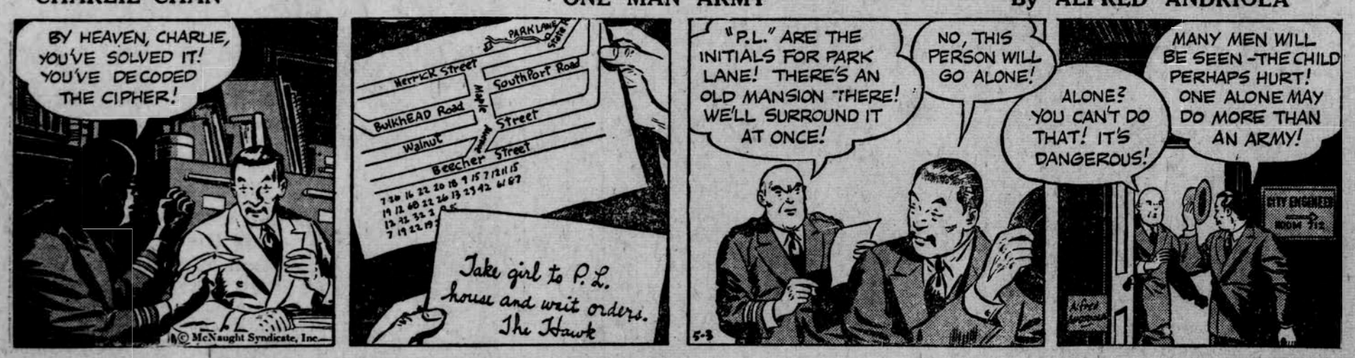
CHARLIE CHAN — ONE MAN ARMY — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA


BY HEAVEN, CHARLIE, YOU'VE SOLVED IT! YOU'VE DECODED THE CIPHER!
Merrick Street
Southport Road
Bulkhead Road
Walnut Street
Beecher Street
Take girl to P.L. house and writ orders. The Hawk
"P.L." ARE THE INITIALS FOR PARK LANE! THERE'S AN OLD MANSION THERE! WE'LL SURROUND IT AT ONCE!
NO, THIS PERSON WILL GO ALONE!
ALONE? YOU CAN'T DO THAT! IT'S DANGEROUS!
MANY MEN WILL BE SEEN—THE CHILD PERHAPS HURT! ONE ALONE MAY DO MORE THAN AN ARMY!
CITY ENGINEER ROOM 712
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